



AIR WAY ELECTRIC APPLIANCE CORPORATION, TOLEDO, ONIO.

Digitized by:



ASSOCIATION FOR PRESERVATION TECHNOLOGY www.apti.org

For the

BUILDING TECHNOLOGY HERITAGE LIBRARY

https://archive.org/details/buildingtechnologyheritagelibrary

From the collection of:



SOUTHEASTERN ARCHITECTURAL ARCHIVE SPECIAL COLLECTIONS HOWARD-TILTON MEMORIAL LIBRARY

http://seaa.tulane.edu

To the Architect, Heating Engineer or Builder:

This file folder and booklet has been designed to become a part of your American Institute of Architects file. It is intended to bring you descriptive material and technical information on the latest developments in heating engineering from the Heating Division of the Air-Way Electric Appliance Corporation, Toledo, Ohio. We believe that you will welcome it as a permanent and valuable addition to your A.I.A. file, and as such will refer to it when any heating problem arises in the course of your work.

This loose-leaf booklet is divided into four sections, each distinguished from the others by being printed on a different color paper stock. The sections planned for inclusion in this booklet are:

| General Information (White paper) | Section 10 |
|--|-------------|
| Unit Heaters(India tint paper) | Section 100 |
| The AERIET Built-In Heating Unit for Steam, Hot Water or Vapor (Blue tint paper) | Section 200 |
| The Electric AERIET, Built-In Heating Unit for Electricity (Green tint paper) | Section 300 |

HOW TO USE THIS BOOK

First of all file this book and file folder in the proper section (30-D-11) of your American Institute of Architects file where it will be available for reference.

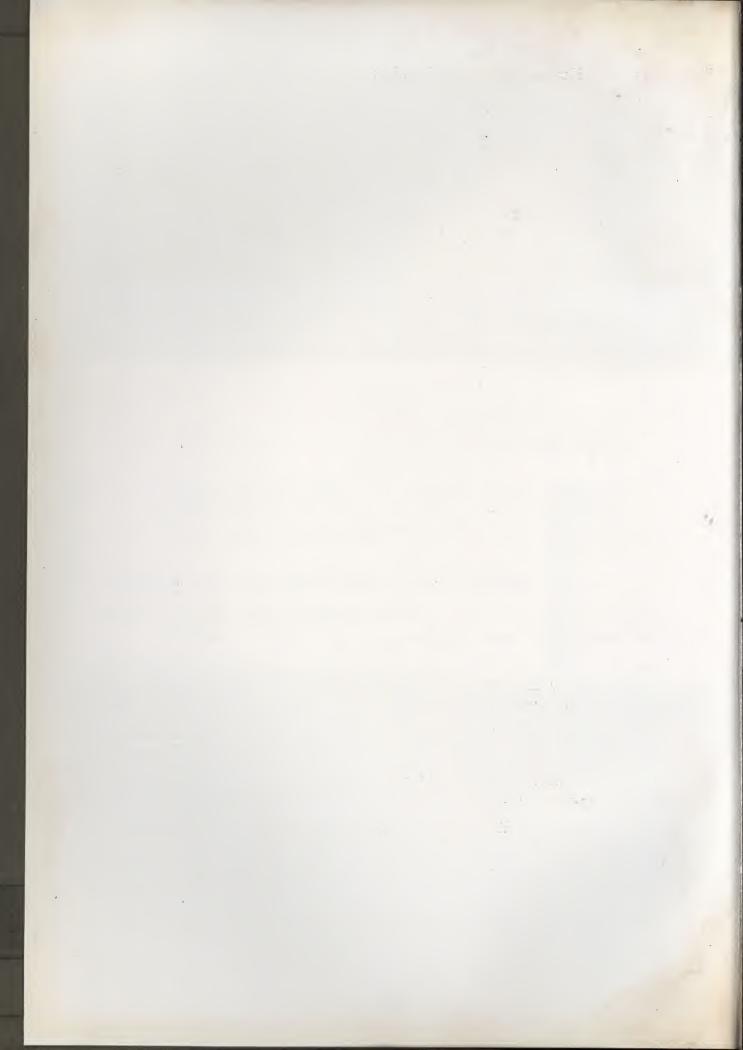
From time to time you will receive loose-leaf pages to supplement the information given here, and to keep your file up-to-date. Each page sent you will carry a section number, page number and date, and will be printed on the same color paper as the section of which it is a part. The section number, and color will indicate the section in the binder in which the page should be placed. The page number will indicate the order in which it should be filed. When revisions are made in data, substitute pages will be furnished, marked plainly to indicate that they are revisions, and bearing the date of revision so that new matter can be instantly differentiated from old.

We want to make this file your source of most reliable up-to-date information on heating engineering. We believe that you will find it so. Our engineering department will welcome at all times your suggestions and your requests for further information.

AIR-WAY ELECTRIC APPLIANCE CORPORATION

Heating System Division

Toledo, Ohio





The Factory and the Organization Behind the Product

Air-Way Electric Appliance Corporation of Toledo, Ohio, with capital and surplus in excess of \$4,000,000.00, over a period of years has enjoyed a national reputation for reliability and excellence of its products. As manufacturer of the Air-Way Sanitary System it has earned the position of leadership in its field.

The engineers of the Air-Way laboratories have specialized for years in the study and application of air streams to particular problems concerning the Air-Way products. Backed by tremendous resources, they have not spared expense in research. Application of findings by Air-Way engineers to heating problems has led to many new developments.

Air-Way Electric Appliance Corporation, in 1929, acquired by purchase the entire business of Erie Heating Systems, Inc. of Erie, Pa. The name of the Erie Unit Heater was changed to "Air-Way Unit Heater." All manufacturing operations are now carried on at the great Air-Way plant in Toledo.

The line now includes the Air-Way Unit Heater in three standard sizes for industrial use; the Air-Way Aeriet, a built-in wall type heating unit operating from steam, hot-water, vapor, or electricity, employing the principle of mechanical convection rather than gravity convection or radiation, for use in homes, apartments, hotels, offices, hospitals, etc., and the Portable Electric Aeriet, a self-contained electrically operated convection heating unit which can be moved from place to place as desired.

Air-Way provides for its Heating System Division the same high standard of materials, precision workmanship and engineering skill that has always characterized Air-Way products. It makes available for its Heating Division the highly skilled engineers and technicians, the splendidly equipped laboratories, the extensive manufacturing facilities and the tremendous financial resources which assure the purchaser of a perfected product, immediate delivery, and absolute responsibility for his satisfaction in use.

AIR-WAY ELECTRIC APPLIANCE CORPORATION

Heating System Division

Toledo, Ohio



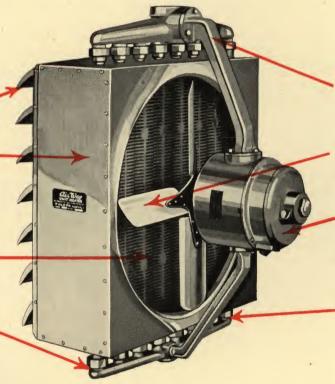
AIRWAY UNIT HEATERS

Individually Adjustable Aluminum Louvres

Aluminum Cabinet cannot rust.

Integrally cast silicon aluminum Heating Element. Free heat passage. No joints, welds, flanges, brazed or soldered connections to leak.

Railroad Union, Ground Seat—No gasket.



Motor mounted to rigid cast iron intake manifold —Independent of cabinet.

Aluminum Fan.

Special wholly enclosed motor-protected from lint and dust.

Aluminum Construction, light weight, sturdy, durable.

Bronze return manifold.

MODEL 27 UNIT HEATER

The Air-Way Unit Heater is made in three sizes, the Model No. 14, 60,000 B.T.U., Model 20, 151,200 B.T.U., and the Model 27, 283,200 B.T.U., as rated at five pounds steam pressure 60° entering air.

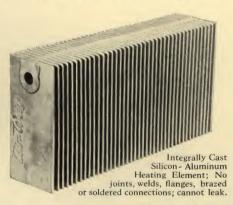
The Air-Way is the quality Unit of the Unit Heater field. Heating element, fans, louvres and cabinet are aluminum. Sturdy and light-weight, the Air-Way is ideally suited to overhead suspension.

HEATING ELEMENT

The outstanding feature of the Airway is the integrally cast silicon aluminum heating element. There

aluminum heating element. There are no joints, welds, flanges, brazed or soldered connections to expand and leak. There are no contacts between core and fins to retard heat passage. Steam and water hammering cannot impair the security of the core. Each Air-Way heating element is tested with 500 lbs. hydrostatic pressure and 150 lbs. steam pressure and may be successfully operated on hot water, atmospheric vapor or steam pressure up to 250 lbs. Fins are parallel spaced to give maximum volume of warm air with a minimum current input.

As the temperature of the warm air delivered from the Air-Way is comparatively low, it is easily controlled and directed and mixes readily and thoroughly with the cool air of the space being heated before having an opportunity to rise to the ceiling. As a result it gives a more uniform temperature throughout the entire area heated.



SPECIAL MOTOR

The motor has been especially designed and built for the Air-Way Unit Heater. It is wholly enclosed, which eliminates the need for cleaning at more or less regular intervals. Dust, lint and such conditions cannot affect its operation. The motor has a special thrust bearing to carry the thrust load of the fan at operating speed and will give much longer life than any standard motor.

The motors are unconditionally guaranteed, provided they are operated on the electric current lines for which they were built, and are lubricated in accordance with instructions.

There is a definite shoulder on the motor shaft to accurately locate the fan hub; there is no need to guess at the fan location.

The electric fan is of four-blade aluminum construction secured to a steel spider and designed to economically and quietly project the greatest volume of air.

INSTALLATION

Two steamfitters can install a Unit in less than an hour, provided the piping is in good condition and reasonably accessible. The Units, with the exception of the Model 27, may be suspended direct from the overhead steam lines without the necessity for any other supports. Tapped bosses are provided on the Model 20 and 27 for hanger rods.

CAPACITY TABLES MODEL

14

NOTE

- E. D. R.—Equivalent direct radiation. This is based on one square foot of cast iron radiation when supplied with steam at five lbs. pressure and exposed in still air at 70 degrees, having a heat transmission of 240 B. T. U. per hour
- B. T. U.—Output per hour in British Thermal Units.
- F. T.—Average final temperature of air leaving unit, in degrees Fahrenheit.

| | | | AIR DE | CYCLE I STANDA LIVERY | RD FAN 1550 C.F.M | I. AT 70° | AIR DE | STANDA | 1150 R.P.I ARD FAN 1020 C.F.M EMPERA | I. AT 70° |
|-------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| | | | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. |
| URE | 2 # 218 ½° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 324 77800 53.5 | 250 60000 87 | 236 56700 94.5 | 219 52700 101.5 | 249 59600 62.5 | 191 45900 93 | 181 43400 100 | 168 40300 106.5 |
| TEMPERATURE | 5 # 227° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 338 81100 55.5 | 263 63250 89 | 250 60000 96.5 | 233 56000 103.5 | 258 62000 65 | 202 48400 95.5 | 191 45900 102.5 | 179 42800 109 |
| | 10 # 239° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 355 85300 58.5 | 280 67300 92 | 266 64000 99 | 250 60000 106 | 271 65100 68 | 214 51500 97.5 | 204 49000 105 | 192 45900 111.5 |
| E AND | 40 # 287° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 426 102200 70 | 351 84350 102.5 | 338 81100 109.5 | 321 77100 116 | 326 78200 81.5 | 269 64500 111 | 258 62000 117.5 | 245 58900 123.5 |
| PRESSURE | 60∦ 308° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 456 109400 75 | 382 91700 107 | 367 88200 113.5 | 355. 85300 121 | 349 83700 87.5 | 292 70100 116 | 282 67600 122.5 | 271 65100 129 |
| | 100 # 338° | E. D. R. B. T. U F. T. | 504 120900 83 | 426 102200 113.5 | 413 99000 120 | 399 95800 127 | 384 92300 96.5 | 325 78200 124 | 315 75600 130 | 305 73200 136.5 |
| STEAM | 150 # 366° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 541 129800 89 | 466 112000 119.5 | 450 107800 125.5 | 432 103800 132 | 413 99300 103.5 | 356 85500 131 | 343 82500 136 | 331 79300 142 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | CYCLE 14 STANDA LIVERY 1 | RD FAN | | | STANDA | 720 R.P.M RD FAN 640 C.F.M | |
| | | | AIR DE | STANDA LIVERY 1 | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERA | I. AT 70° | AIR DE | STANDA LIVERY | RD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA | . AT 70° |
| | | E D B | AIR DEI | STANDA LIVERY 1 KE AIR TI 50° F. | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERAT | 70° F. | AIR DE INTAI ZERO | STANDA LIVERY KE AIR T | RD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA 60° F. | TURES 70° F. |
| URE | 2 # 218 ½° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | AIR DE | STANDA LIVERY 1 | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERA | I. AT 70° | AIR DE | STANDA LIVERY | RD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA | LAT 70° |
| PERATURE | | B. T. U. | AIR DEI INTAI ZERO 291 70000 | 50° F. 224 53900 | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERAT 60° F. 212 51000 | 70° F. | AIR DE INTAL ZERO 187 44900 | STANDA LIVERY KE AIR T 50° F. | ARD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA 60° F. 136 32700 | 70° F. |
| TEMPERATURE | 218 1/2° | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U | AIR DE: INTAI ZERO 291 70000 59 303 72800 | STANDA LIVERY 1 KE AIR TI 50° F. 224 53900 91 237 56800 | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERAT 60° F. 212 51000 98 224 53900 | 70° F. 197 47400 104.5 | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 187 44900 75 195 46800 | STANDA LIVERY KE AIR T 50° F. 144 34600 102 152 36500 | ARD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA 60° F. 136 32700 108 | 70° F. 126 30400 114 134 32250 |
| AND | 218½° | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U F. T E. D. R. B. T. U. | AIR DE: INTAI ZERO 291 70000 59 303 72800 61 319 76600 | STANDA LIVERY 1 KE AIR TI 50° F. 224 53900 91 237 56800 93 252 60500 | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERAT 60° F. 212 51000 98 224 53900 100.5 240 57600 | TURES 70° F. 197 47400 104.5 209 50300 106.5 224 53900 | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 187 44900 75 195 46800 78 204 49100 | STANDA LIVERY KE AIR T. 50° F. 144 34600 102 152 36500 105 161 38800 | ARD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA: 60° F. 136 32700 108 144 34600 111 154 36900 | TURES 70° F. 126 30400 114 134 32250 116 |
| AND | 218 ½° 5 # 227° 10 # 239° | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U F. T E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | AIR DE: INTAI ZERO 291 70000 59 303 72800 61 319 76600 64.5 383 91800 | STANDA LIVERY 1 50° F. 224 53900 91 237 56800 93 252 60500 96 316 75800 | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERA? 60° F. 212 51000 98 224 53900 100.5 240 57600 103 | TURES 70° F. 197 47400 104.5 209 50300 106.5 224 53900 109 288 69200 | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 187 44900 75 195 46800 78 204 49100 82 245 58900 | STANDA LIVERY KE AIR T 50° F. 144 34600 102 152 36500 105 161 38800 108 203 48600 | ARD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA* 60° F. 136 32700 108 144 34600 111 154 36900 114 195 46800 | 70° F. 126 30400 114 134 32250 116 144 34600 120 185 44400 |
| | 218 ½° 5 # 227° 10 # 239° 40 # 287° | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U. | AIR DE: INTAI ZERO 291 70000 59 303 72800 61 319 76600 64.5 383 91800 77 | STANDA LIVERY 1 SCE AIR TI 50° F. 224 53900 91 237 56800 93 252 60500 96 316 75800 107.5 | RD FAN 266 C.F.M EMPERAT 51000 98 224 53900 100.5 240 57600 103 303 72800 114.5 331 79500 | TURES 70° F. 197 47400 104.5 209 50300 106.5 224 53900 120.5 319 76600 | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 187 44990 75 195 46800 78 204 49100 82 245 58900 98 263 63200 | STANDA LIVERY 50° F. 144 34600 102 152 36500 105 161 38800 108 203 48600 123 220 52900 | ARD FAN 640 C.F.M EMPERA' 60° F. 136 32700 108 144 34600 111 154 36900 114 195 46800 129 213 51000 | 70° F. 126 30400 114 134 32250 116 144 34600 120 185 44400 134 205 49100 |

14 104 35

Complete Weight of Unit, 85 lbs.

MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS and CURRENT CONSUMPTION

| Weight Complete 85 Lbs. | Dimen (Over | | eight V | /idth 4½" | Depth 213/8" |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| R.P.M. | Volts | Cycles | Phase | Motor H.P. | Full Load Amperes |
| 1725 1725 1140 1140 | 110 220 110 220 | 60 60 60 60 | 1 1 ! | .103 .103 .032 .032 | 2.5 1.3 1.7 .85 |
| 1425 1425 | 110 220 | 25 25 | 1 | .06 | 1.9 |
| 1725 1140 1425 1725 | 220 220 220 440 | 60 25 60 | 3 | .103 .032 .06 .103 | .45 .24 .2 .25 |
| 1725 1140 1140 1425 | 550 440 550 440 | 60 60 60 25 | 3 3 3 3 | .103 .032 .032 .06 | .12 |
| 1425 | 550 DIRECT (| 25 CURRENT | 3 MOTORS | ,06 S | .09 |
| 1750 1750 | 115 230 | | | .103 | 1.1 |
| | THREE | | OTORS | | |
| 1680-1100-900 1680-1100-900 1680-1100-900 | 110 220 220 | 60 60 60 | | .103 .103 .103 | 2.6 1.3 1.2 |

CAPACITY TABLES MODEL 20

NOTE

E. D. R.—Equivalent direct radiation. This is based on one square foot of cast iron radiation when supplied with steam at five lbs. pressure and exposed in still air at 70 degrees, having a heat transmission of 240 B. T. U. per hour.

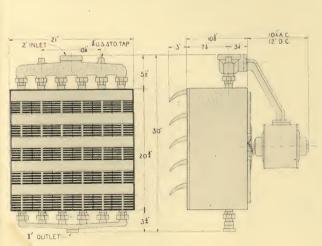
B. T. U.—Output per hour in British Thermal Units.

F. T.—Average final temperature of air leaving unit, in degrees Fahrenheit.

| | | | 25 CYCI | LE 1425 R. | R.P.M. STI P.M. NO. 000 C.F.M | 25 FAN | | STANDA | 850 R.P.M. RD FAN 270 C.F.M | |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | INTAK | E AIR TE | EMPERAT | URES | INTAR | E AIR TH | EMPERAT | URES |
| | | | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. |
| JRE | 2# 218½° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 818 196300 70 | 630 151200 98.5 | 597 143200 105 | 554 133000 111 | 677 162400 76 | 521 125000 103 | 493 118400 109 | 457 109700 114.5 |
| TEMPERATURE | 5 # 227° | E. D. R. B. T. U F T | 853 204500 73 | 664 159600 101 | 630 151200 107.5 | 588 141300 113.5 | 704 169000 79 | 548 131800 105.5 | 521 125000 111.5 | 473 116600 117.5 |
| | 10# 239° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 894 215000 76.5 | 707 169800 104 | 674 161800 111 | 630 151200 116.5 | 738 177400 83 | 584 140400 109.5 | 557 133600 115 | 521 125000 121 |
| S AND | 40 # 287° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 1075 258000 91.5 | 887 213000 118 | 853 204500 124 | 808 194200 130 | 887 213000 100 | 718 172300 123 | 704 169000 130 | 668 160500 135.5 |
| PRESSURE | 60# 308° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 1150 276000 98 | 965 231500 124 | 930 223000 130 | 894 215000 136 | 950 228000 107 | 796 191000 131 | 767 184000 136 | 738 177400 144 |
| | 100 J 338° | E. D. R. B. T. U F T | 1270 305000 108 | 1075 258000 132 | 1038 249500 138.5 | °005 2+1600 144.5 | 1048 252000 118 | 888 213000 140 | 858 206000 145 | 830 199300 151 |
| STEAM | 150# 366° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 1364 327500 116 | 1176 282500 140 | 1134 272200 145.5 | 1091 262000 151 | 1127 270600 127 | 971 233000 148.5 | 937 224500 153 | 903 216400 158 |
| | | - | | NO. 2 | 720 R.P.M 5 FAN 1510 C.F.M | | | STANDA | 720 R.P.M RD FAN 1880 C.F.M | |
| | | | | | EMPERAT | | INTAF | E AIR T | EMPERAT | TURES |
| | | | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. |
| IRE | 2# 218½° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 530 127200 90 | 408 97900 112.5 | 385 92700 118 | 358 86000 122.5 | 606 145300 82.5 | 467 112000 107 | 441 105800 113 | 409 98400 118 |
| TEMPERATURE | 5 [#] 227° | E. D. R. B. T. U F. T | 556 132300 93.5 | 430 103300 116 | 408 97900 121 | 380 91200 126 | 632 151400 86 | 492 118000 110 | 467 112000 116 | 436 104500 121.5 |
| | 10 # 239° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 579 138900 98 | 458 109800 120 | 437 104700 125.5 | 408 97900 130 | 663 159000 90 | 524 125700 114 | 499 119700 120 | 467 112000 125 |
| SAND | 40 # 287° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 695 166800 117.5 | 573 -137600 137.5 | 556 132300 143 | 523 125700 147 | 796 190800 108 | 657 157600 130 | 632 151400 136 | 598 143700 140.5 |
| 2 | 60# 308° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 745 178800 126 | 623 149500 145.5 | 603 144300 150 | 579 138900 155 | 853 204200 116 | 713 171000 137 | 687 164800 142.5 | 663 159000 148 |
| SSUR | | | | 695 | 673 | 651 | 940 225700 | 795 190800 | 770 184800 | 744 |
| STEAM PRESSURE | 100 # 338° | E. D. R. B. T. U F. T. | 823 197200 139 | 166800 156 | 161400 161 | 156200 165.5 | 128 | 147 | 153 | 178700 158 |

MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS and CURRENT CONSUMPTION

| Weight Complete 180 Lbs. | | imensions Over All) | Height 291/4" | Width 21" | Depth 22 1/8" |
|-----------------------------|-------|------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------|
| R.P.M. | Volts | Cycles | Phase | Motor H.P. | Full Load Amperes |
| 1140 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .24 | 5.3 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .24 | 2.8 |
| 850 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .102 | 2.8 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .102 | 1.2 |
| 1425 | 110 | 25 | 1 | .24 | 5.3 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 1 | .24 | 2.7 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .24 | .9 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .102 | .7 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 3 | .24 | 1.3 |
| 1140 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .24 | .5 |
| 1140 | 550 | 60 | 3 | .24 | .4 |
| 850 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .102 | .35 |
| 850 | 550 | 60 | 3 | .102 | .28 |
| 1425 | 440 | 25 | 3 | . 24 | .7 |
| 1425 | 550 | 25 | | .24 | .6 |
| | | CURRENT | MOTORS | | |
| 1140 | 115 | | | .24 | 2.4 |
| 1140 | 230 | | | .24 | 1.2 |
| 1140 | 550 | | İ | . 24 | .5 |
| | THREE | | MOTORS | | |
| 1100-900-700 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .24 | 3.4 |
| 1100-900-700 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .24 | 2.3 |
| 1100-900-700 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .24 | 1.2 |
| 1100-900-700 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .24 | .55 |
| | | | OTORS | - 1 | |
| 1425-720 | 110 | 25 | 1 | .24 | 5.0 |
| 1425-720 | 220 | 25 | 3 3 | .24 | 1.3 |
| 1425-720 | 440 | 25 | 3 | .24 | .7 |



Complete Weight of Unit, 180 lbs.

CAPACITY TABLES MODEL 27

NOTE

E. D. R.—Equivalent direct radiation. This is based on one square foot of cast iron radiation when supplied with steam at five lbs. pressure and exposed in still air at 70 degrees, having a heat transmission of 240 B. T. U. per hour.

B. T. U.—Output per hour in British Thermal Units.

F. T.—Average final temperature of air leaving unit, in degrees Fahrenheit.

| | | | 60 CYC | CLE 1150 1 | R.P.M. ST | D. FAN | 1 | 60 CYCLE | 850 R.P.N | A |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 25 CYC | LIVERY | R.P.M. NO | . 25 FAN | | STANDA | ARD FAN | |
| | | | INTA | KE AIR T | EMPERA | TURES | | | EMPERA' | |
| | | | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. | ZERO | 50° F. | 60° F. | 70° F. |
| URE | 2# 218.5° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 1533 367500 68.5 | 1179 283200 97.5 | 1116 268000 104.5 | 1036 248600 110 | 1268 304500 75.5 | 978 234500 102.5 | 926 222000 108.5 | 858 206000 114.5 |
| TEMPERATURE | 5 # 227° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 1595 382700 71.5 | 1243 298500 100 | 1179 283200 107 | 1100 264000 112.5 | 1320 317000 78.5 | 1032 247500 105.5 | 978 234500 111 | 913 219000 117 |
| | 10# 239° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 1675 402500 75 | 1325 318000 103.5 | 1261 302500 110 | 1179 283200 116 | 1387 333000 82.5 | 1096 263000 109 | 1044 250500 115 | 978 234500 120.5 |
| E AND | 40 # 287° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 2010 483000 90 | 1660 398500 117 | 1595 382700 123 | 1513 363500 129 | 1664 399500 99 | 1375 330000 124 | 1320 317000 129.5 | 1255 301000 134.5 |
| PRESSURE | 60 f 308° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 2150 517000 96.5 | 1805 433000 123 | 1740 417000 129 | 1675 402000 135 | 1782 428000 106 | 1492 358500 130 | 1445 347500 136 | 1387 333000 141.5 |
| | 100# 338° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 2375 571000 106.5 | 2010 483000 131 | 1945 467000 137 | 1883 452000 143 | 1970 473000 117 | 1664 399500 139 | 1613 387000 145 | 1560 374500 150.5 |
| STEAM | 150# 366° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | 2550 613000 114 | 2195 528000 139 | 2120 509000 144 | 2042 490000 149.5 | 2110 507000 125 | 1825 437500 148 | 1758 422000 152 | 1693 406000 157.5 |
| | | | 1 | | | 2.510 | 1 | 1.0 | 101 | 107.0 |
| | | | 2 | 5 CYCLE | 720 R.P.M. 5 FAN | 1. | 2 | 5 CYCLE STANDA | 720 R.P.M RD FAN 8860 C.F.M | Ι. |
| | | | AIR DE | S CYCLE NO. 2 | 720 R.P.M. 25 FAN 3010 C.F.M | I. AT 70° | AIR DE | STANDA LIVERY | 720 R.P.M RD FAN | I. AT 70° |
| | | | AIR DE | S CYCLE NO. 2 LIVERY 3 | 720 R.P.M. 25 FAN 3010 C.F.M | I. AT 70° TURES 70° F. | AIR DE | STANDA LIVERY | 720 R.P.M RD FAN 8860 C.F.M | I. AT 70° |
| URE | 2# 218.5° | E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | AIR DE | S CYCLE NO. 2 LIVERY 3 | 720 R.P.M. 25 FAN 3010 C.F.M. EMPERA | I. AT 70° | AIR DE | S CYCLE STANDA LIVERY | 720 R.P.M ARD FAN 8860 C.F.M EMPERAT | I. AT 70° |
| PERATURE | | B. T. U. | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 983 236000 | 25 CYCLE NO. 2 LIVERY 3 KE AIR T 50° F. 759 182000 | 720 R.P.M. 5 FAN 3010 C.F.M EMPERA 60° F. 718 172200 | I. AT 70° IURES 70° F. 667 159800 | AIR DE INTA ZERO 1150 270300 | 5 CYCLE STANDA LIVERY 3 KE AIR T 50° F. | 720 R.P.M RD FAN 3860 C.F.M EMPERAT 60° F. | I. AT 70° TURES 70° F. 763 183000 |
| TEMPERATURE | 218.5° | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U. | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 983 236000 88 1050 246000 | 25 CYCLE NO. 2 LIVERY 3 KE AIR T 50° F. 759 182000 111 | 720 R.P.M. 15 FAN 15 FAN 16010 C.F.M. EMPERA 60° F. 718 172200 116.5 759 182000 | 70° F. 667 159800 121.5 | AIR DE INTA ZERO 1150 270300 80.5 | STANDA LIVERY 3 KE AIR T 50° F. 868 208200 106 | 720 R.P.M.RD FAN 8860 C.F.M. EMPERAT 60° F. 822 197000 112 868 208200 | TURES 70° F. 763 183000 117.5 |
| AND | 218.5° 5 # 227° 10# | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U. | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 983 236000 88 1050 246000 91.5 | 25 CYCLE NO. 2 LIVERY 3 KE AIR T) 50° F. 759 182000 111 800 192000 114.5 852 204200 | 720 R.P.M. 25 FAN 25 FAN 2610 C.F.M. 2610 C.F.M. 2610 C.F.M. 2610 C.F.M. 2712 | 70° F. 667 159800 121.5 707 169600 125 759 182000 | AIR DE INTA) ZERO 1150 270300 80.5 1172 281500 84 1230 295500 | STANDA LIVERY: STANDA LIVERY: SE AIR T. 50° F. 868 208200 106 915 219500 109 973 233700 | 720 R.P.M.RD FAN 1860 C.F.M. EMPERAT 60° F. 822 197000 112 868 208200 115 928 222400 | TURES 70° F. 763 183000 117.5 810 194300 120.5 868 208200 |
| AND | 218.5° 5 # 227° 10 # 239° | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 983 236000 88 1050 246000 91.5 1077 258500 96.5 1292 310000 | 25 CYCLE NO. 2 NO. 2 LIVERY 3 KE AIR TO 50° F. 759 182000 111 800 192000 114.5 852 204200 118.5 1065 255800 | 720 R.P.M. 25 FAN 25 FAN 2610 C.F.M. 25 FAN 2610 C.F.M. 2610 EMPERA 2610 116.5 759 182000 120 810 194400 124 1050 246000 | 70° F. 70° F. 667 159800 121.5 707 169600 125 759 182000 128.5 | AIR DE INTA ZERO 1150 270300 80.5 1172 281500 84 1230 295500 88 1476 354400 | SCYCLE STANDA LIVERY : STANDA | 720 R.P.M ARD FAN 1860 C.F.M EMPERAT 60° F. 822 197000 112 868 208200 115 928 222400 118.5 | T. AT 70° F. TURES 70° F. 763 183000 117.5 810 194300 120.5 868 208200 124 1114 267500 |
| | 218.5° 5# 227° 10# 239° 40# 287° | B. T. U. F. T. E. D. R. B. T. U. F. T. | AIR DE INTAI ZERO 983 236000 88 1050 246000 91.5 1077 258500 96.5 1292 310000 115 1384 332000 | 25 CYCLE NO. 2 LIVERY 3 KE AIR T 50° F. 759 182000 1111 800 192000 114.5 852 204200 118.5 1065 255800 137 1156 278000 | 720 R.P.M. 15 FAN 16010 C.F.M. 1718 172200 116.5 759 182000 120 810 194400 124 1050 246000 1116 1116 268000 | 1. AT 70° TURES 70° F. 667 159800 121.5 707 169600 125 759 182000 128.5 975 233700 145.5 | AIR DE INTAL ZERO 1150 270300 80.5 1172 281500 84 1230 295500 88 1476 354400 105.5 | SCYCLE STANDA LIVERY : STANDA LIVERY : SEE AIR T: 50° F. 868 208200 106 915 219500 109 973 233700 113 1220 293000 129 1324 318000 | 720 R.P.M.RD FAN 1860 C.F.M. 1860 C.F.M. 1860 C.F.M. 197000 1112 868 208200 115 928 222400 118.5 1172 281500 134 1275 306500 | TURES 70° F. 763 183000 117.5 810 194300 120.5 868 208200 124 1114 267500 139 1230 295500 |

Complete Weight of Unit, 293 lbs.

MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS and CURRENT CONSUMPTION

| Weight Complete 293 Lbs. | | ensions er All) | Height 365/8" | Width 28" | Depth 26½" |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------|---|---------------|----------------------|
| R.P.M. | Volts | Cycles | Phase | Motor H.P. | Full Load Amperes |
| 1140 | 110 | 60 | 1 | . 625 | 8.0 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | i | .625 | 4.2 |
| 850 | 110 | 60 | i | .26 | 8.5 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .26 | 4.0 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .625 | 2.4 |
| 1140 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .625 | 1.25 |
| 1140 | 550 | 60 | 3 | . 625 | 1.00 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 3 | . 26 | 1.2 |
| 850 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .26 | .6 |
| 850 | 550 | 60 | 3 | .26 | .5 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 3 | .625 | 1.8 |
| 1425 | 440 | 25 | 3 | . 625 | .9 |
| 720 | 220 | 25 | 3 | .16 | .65 |
| 720 | 440 | 25 | | .16 | .35 |
| | | CURRENT | MOTOR: | S | |
| 1140 | 115 | | | .625 | 5.5 |
| 1140 | 230 | | | .625 | 2.8 |
| 1140 | 550 | | | .625 | 1.2 |
| | THREE | SPEED A | MOTORS | | |
| 1100-900-700 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .625 | 2.5 |
| 1100-900-700 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .625 | 1.25 |
| 1100-900-700 | 550 | 60 | 3 | .625 | 1.00 |
| | TWO S | SPEED M | OTORS | | |
| 1425-720 | 220 | 25 | 3 | , 625 | 2.0 |
| 1425-720 | 440 | 25 | 3 | .625 | 1.0 |
| 1425-720 | 550 | 25 | 3 3 | .625 | .8 |

LIST PRICE AIR-WAY UNIT HEATERS

Model 27-A Air-Way Unit Heater Fan 24 in. Diameter

| Weight Comp 293 Lb | | mensions (Over All) | Hei | ght ' | Width 28" | Depth 26½" |
|-----------------------|------------|--------------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------------|
| R.P.M. | Volts | Cycles | | | H.P. | List Price |
| High Start | ing Curr | ent Single | Phase | Motors | for us | |
| by permission | of Cen | tral Statio | n or in | plants | that ge | nerate |
| their own por | wer that | have no st | tarting | current | require | ments. |
| 1140 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .625 | 9 | 270.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | ī | .625 | 7 | 270.00 |
| 850 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .26 | | 270.00 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .26 | | 270.00 |
| 1425 | 110 | 25 | 1 | .625 | | 270.00 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 1 | .625 | | 270.00 |
| Single Pha | se Moto | rs approve | ed by al | ll Centr | al Star | tions |
| 1140 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .625 | \$ | 285.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .625 | | 285.00 |
| 850 850 | 110 | 60 60 | 1 | .26 | | 285.00 |
| 1425 | 220 110 | 25 | 1 | .26 | | 285.00 300.00 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | i | .625 | | 300.00 |
| . 123 | | Y PHASE | - | | | 300.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 2-3 | .625 | | 280.00 |
| 1140 | 440 | 60 | 2-3 | .625 | | 280.00 |
| 1140 | 550 | 60 | 2-3 | .625 | | 285.00 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 2-3 | .26 | | 285.00 |
| 850 | 440 | 60 | 2-3 | .26 | | 285.00 |
| 850 | 550 | 60 | 2-3 | .26 | | 285.00 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 2-3 | .625 | | 285.00 |
| 1425 | 440 | 25 | 2-3 | .625 | | 285.00 |
| | | CURRE | NI M | | | 205.00 |
| 1140 1140 | 115 230 | | | .625 | 1 | 285.00 |
| 1140 | | E SPEEI |) MO | | | 205.00 |
| 1100-900-700 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .625 | • | 315.00 |
| 1100-900-700 | 220 | 60 | i | .625 | 4 | 315.00 |
| 1100-900-700 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .625 | | 300.00 |
| 1100-900-700 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .625 | | 300.00 |
| 1100-900-700 | 550 | 60 | 3 | .625 | | 300.00 |
| | TWO | SPEED | MOT | ORS | | |
| 1425-720 | 220 | 25 | 3 | .625 | | 325.00 |
| 1425-720 | 440 | 25 | 3 | .625 | | 325.00 |
| NOTE- Com | plete Sl | nipping W | eight / | of Unit | | 8 Lbs. |
| Shin | ping We | eight of I | 10V. 60 |) cycle | single | LDS. |
| ph | ase Moto | or | | , | 6 | 9 Lbs. |
| Ship | ping We | oreight of 1 | 15 V, | D. C., | single | |
| ph | ase Mot | or | | | 8 | 2 Lbs. |
| | | ght of 220 | V, 60 c | ycle, 3 p | | 0 7 1 |
| | otor | | 60 | ala 2 | b | 0 Lbs. |
| 3 6 | speed Mo | ght 220 V otor with c | ontrol h | ne, 5 p | nase, | 1 I be |
| 9. | peca Mic | viol with C | oneror b | | 11 | I LUS. |

Model 20-A Air-Way Unit Heater Fan 19 in. Diameter

| Weight Comp 180 Lbs. | | imensions Over All) | Height 291/4" | | Depth 221/8' |
|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| R.P.M. | Volts | Cycles | Phase M | lotor H.P. | List Price |
| High Start | ing Curi | ent. Singl | e Phase N | Antors for | use only |
| by permission | n of Cen | tral Static | on or in p | lants that | generate |
| their own por | wer that | have no s | starting cu | rrent requi | rements |
| 1140 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .24 | \$150.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .24 | 150.00 |
| 850 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .102 | 150.00 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .102 | 150.00 |
| Single Pha | se Moto | | | | tations |
| 1140 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .24 | \$165.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .24 | 165.00 |
| 850 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .102 | 165.00 |
| 850 1425 | 220 110 | 60 25 | 1 | .102 | 165.00 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 1 | .24 | 165.00 165.00 |
| 1423 | | | E MOTOR | | 105.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 60 | 2-3 | .24 | 160.00 |
| 850 | 220 | 60 | 2-3 | .102 | 160.00 160.00 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 2-3 | .24 | 160.00 |
| 1140 | 440 | 60 | 2-3 | .24 | 160.00 |
| 1140 | 550 | 60 | 2-3 | .24 | 165.00 |
| 850 | 440 | 60 | 2-3 | .102 | 160.00 |
| 850 | 550 | 60 | 2-3 | .102 | 165.00 |
| 1425 | 440 | 25 | 2-3 | .24 | 165.00 |
| 1425 | 550 | 25 | 2-3 | .24 | 165.00 |
|] | DIRECT | CURRI | ENT MO | TORS | |
| 1140 | 115 | | | .24 | \$165.00 |
| 1140 | 230 | | | .24 | 165.00 |
| | THRE | E SPEE | D MOTO | ORS | |
| 1100-900-720 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .24 | \$180.00 |
| 1100-900-720 | | 60 | 1 | .24 | 180.00 |
| 1100-900-720 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .24 | 175.00 |
| 1100-900-720 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .24 | 180.00 |
| | | | MOTOF | | |
| 1425-700 | 110 | 25 | 1 | .24 | \$185.00 |
| 1425-700 | 220 | 25 | 3 11 1 | .24 | 185.00 |
| 1425-700 | 440 | 25 | 3 | .24 | 185.00 |
| Note— Com | otor | | | | 197 I he |
| Ship | ping We | eight of 1 | 10 V, sin | ngle phase, | |
| 60 | or 25 cv | cle Motor | | | 55 Lbs |
| Ship | ping Wei | ght of 115 | V, D. C. | Motor | 41 Lbs |
| Ship | ping Wei | ight of 11 | 0 V, singl | e phase, 60 | 10. |
| Ship | cle, 3 spe ping Wei | ed Motor ght of 220 | With con | trol box cle, 3 speed | 71 Lbs |
| Mo | otor with | control b | ox | | 86 Lbs |

Model 14-A Air-Way Unit Heater Fan 12 in. Diameter

| Weight Cor 85 Lb | | Over All) | Heigh 217/8 | | Depth 213/8" |
|---------------------|-------|-----------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| R.P.M. | Volts | Cycles | Phase | Motor H.P. | List Price |
| 1725 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .103 | \$100.00 |
| 1725 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .103 | 100.00 |
| 1140 | 110 | 60 | 1 | .032 | 100.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 1 | .032 | 100.00 |
| 1425 | 110 | 25 | 1 | .06 | 100.00 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 1 | .06 | 100.00 |
| 1725 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .103 | 100.00 |
| 1140 | 220 | 60 | 3 | .032 | 100.00 |
| 1425 | 220 | 25 | 3 | .06 | 105.00 |
| 1725 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .103 | 105.00 |
| 1725 | 550 | 60 | 3 | .103 | 105.00 |
| 1140 | 440 | 60 | 3 | .032 | 105.00 |
| 1140 | 550 | 60 | 3 | .032 | 105.00 |
| 1425 | 440 | 25 | 3 | .06 | 105.00 |
| 1425 | 550 | 25 | 3 | .06 | 105.00 |

| R.P.M. | Volts | Cycles | Phase | Motor H.P. | List Price |
|-------------|---------|---------|-------|------------|---------------|
| | DIRECT | CURRI | ENT M | OTORS | |
| 1750 | 115 | | | .103 | \$105.00 |
| 1750 | 230 | | | .103 | 105.00 |
| | THRI | EE SPEE | D MO | TORS | |
| 1680-1100-9 | 000 110 | 60 | 1 | .103 | \$115.00 |
| 1680-1100-9 | 000 220 | 60 | 1 | .103 | 115.00 |
| 1680-1100-9 | 000 220 | 60 | 3 | .103 | 115.00 |

LIST PRICE AIR-WAY UNIT HEATERS

State Printer March 1915;

on terms due son been to day to V to

Model 27-A Air-Way Unit Heater Model 20-A Air-Way Unit Heater

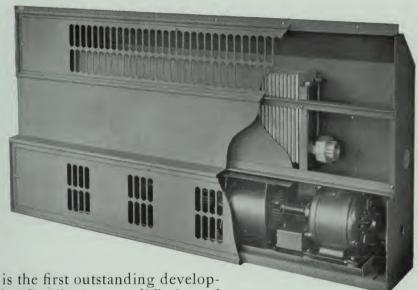
| | | | | P I I I I I I I I | | | | | | | The second second | |
|--------|----------|---------|-------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|------------|----------|--|---|
| THEFT | Diam | INI E | Fam | | | | | nosoul | Marie D | Same | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 NO | omd f | | ned seed | A SCHOOL | | | | | | | Name of the Park | |
| | 295 | THE RE | | WILLIAM ! | | | | | | | - ITTE | |
| | | | | | | | LITTER | M - 11 | 1 = 67 | | 14.11.0 | |
| SUMM I | MANUFA . | 12(3/2) | 13107 | | | 5011/3 | | | | | - | |
| | | | | | | die me | | | | | PERSONAL PROPERTY. | |
| THE R. | | | | | | | | | | | - Laving VI | |
| | | | | | | | STATE STATE | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | - 35% | | | | - D) (1) | |
| 15. | I | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 366 | I | | | | | | | 1000 | | | | |
| | į. | | | | | | -5200 | | 70 | | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | | 1/51 | SSM. | |
| HOW | OUR AVE | | (months) in | SECTION. | | | A SETTING | | THE PERSON | mundle a | Single Poss | |
| ACC | L | | | | | | | | 0.0 | 807 | 17.50 | |
| | k | | | | | | 83.00 | 4 | | | 09-81 | |
| | I | | | | | 25/5/08 | | 1 | 100Y | 09.8 | 059 | |
| | I | | | | | | 1,45 | | | | DC+ | |
| 15 | ÷ | | | | | | 350. | 100 | | | 000 | |
| M. | | | | | | | - 520 | | - 25 | | 629 | |
| | | | | | | | | MUTUR | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | [-] | | | | |
| | 165 | | | | | | | 6-1 | | . 054 | 0413 | |
| | | | | | | MING- | | | | 100 | | |
| | | | 77 | | | | | 6.5 | | 27.0 | - 000 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | -201 | 088 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 2002 | 038 | |
| | | | | | STR. | | 11860 | | | | 2543 | |
| | | | | | | | | 0.0 | 75 | | 1425 | |
| | | | | | | | | DAY IN | CLERING | TORREST | | |
| | 100 | | | | DATE | | 600 | | | SIL | 0981 | |
| | | | | | | | TOL | | | 192 | 70451 | |
| | | | | | | | | MOTO | NEWS ! | | | |
| AC | | | | | | OU SHE | - 650 | 1 | - 00. | OII | ON LINES I | |
| AC. | | | | | | 00.210 | | | 007 | | MENN WIL | |
| | 1 | | | | | | 250 | | 007 | | THE REAL PROPERTY. | |
| | | | | | | | 100 | - | 30 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | with the | | | MARKET THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O | |
| | | | | | 356 | | | OUTET-DE | CAPIE | | 1000 3000 | |
| | | | | | 1533 | | 970 | | | | DEZ-SEVI | |
| | | | 1013- | | 2501 | HO.CLE | | | | 04 | | |
| | | | | | | | of Street, St. | | W. See | | OTOTAL - NATIONAL | |
| | | | | | TIPES. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | M // 1 | | | | 1 |
| | | | | | | 162.23 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | makes C | | 11/11/11 | COUL to a | | | |
| | | | | | | STATE OF THE PARTY OF | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | STATE OF THE PARTY. | - | on I Agen | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Model 14-A Air-Way Unit Heater Fan 12 in Diameter

| S.P.M. Total Cold Deal State of London | Will. | 2682 | | (BA Trail) | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| many and promote training and the same and t | Trees 200 tol 200 tol | Fill annuth | - | (14 05 04 | WIT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN | 100 A ST |
| 00000 101 1 90 00 00 0000 0000 0000 000 | Street, Street, Street, | 510 80 200 | 1 | 数ない | 龍 : | 1140 |
| and the second s | | 101 101 101 101 101 | - Lucion | 05 61 95 95 00 00 | 101 104 102 002 | STATE OF THE PARTY |
| Story on W. and Tally V. S. proper, 60 cycles, A. C., A speed recover with committee. As Co., As Co. | 01/50 | 107. (M) | 100 | 325 | 000 000 | 1411 |

The Built-In Air-Way Aeriet Heating Unit For Steam, Vapor or Hot Water Systems

Cut-away view of the Aeriet showing motor, one of the fans, baffle plate, grilles and heating element.



The Air-Way AERIET is the first outstanding development in equipment for the distribution or diffusion of heat in homes, offices, etc., since steam and hot water radi-

ators first came into use forty years ago. Heat is distributed within confined areas by means of air circulation and if nature's law, gravity air circulation, is depended upon to carry heat from the heating Unit into the living zone of the room, then the upper areas must be heated far above the degree of comfort required within the living zone.

Effective heating or heat utilization denotes the placing of heat within the living zone. Air-Way AERIET is designed for the distribution and control of heat in the living zone.

The Air-Way AERIET is a built-in heating unit which may be used in either a steam, vapor or hot water heating system in place of the unsightly and inefficient radiators. The complete assembly consists of an aluminum alloy heating unit combined with a multi-unit noiseless electric fan assembly, in a cabinet built for installation between joists in the wall, with two exterior grilles, one a cold air intake grille and one a warm air outlet grille. The styles available are illustrated on pages 9, 10 and 11.

The AERIET is installed in units of standard size, connecting to the same piping system as the ordinary steam or hot water radiator.

This built-in heating unit releases for practical use or decorative purposes the space otherwise required for radiators and registers. Being flush with the wall no floor space is required. The grilles are designed so as to fit into almost any plan of decoration and may be treated by the decorator to harmonize with any scheme.

Air-Way Aeriet is a compact, efficient mechanism, complete within itself, for distributing and diffusing heat, supplying a constant stream of warmed air into the living zone of the room. It is controlled by a manually operated switch, thereby selecting any one of the three heat capacities, and in addition may be controlled at any one of the heat capacities by a simple electrically operated thermostat. By its very operation, taking from the floor level the cooled air, heating it, and returning it to the living zone, it produces circulation of air within the room, preventing air stagnation.

Air-Way Aerier is an entirely new, modern, efficient and economical method of solving heating problems which makes obsolete the cumbersome, inefficient, unsightly and space-consuming heating equipment previously used.



What The Air-Way Aeriet Will Do

The lower third or half of the ordinary room is the portion in which we live and work. In heating, it is with the maintenance of a comfortable temperature in this portion of the room that we are concerned. The principle that warm air rises is too well known to require discussion. Therefore it will be readily understood that with ordinary radiation, both floor and concealed type, the air immediately surrounding the radiator, becoming heated, rises until it strikes the ceiling, there forming a blanket increasing in thickness until it extends down to the lower levels of the room. Thus the upper portion is warmed first, and remains warmer at all times than the lower.

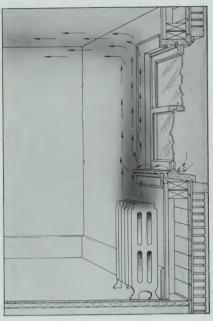
The Air-Way AERIET, because of the mechanical diffusion of the heated air, heats by convection the lower or middle section of the room first. The AERIET with its three heating capacities heats more quickly because a stream of warmed air is forced directly out into the working or living zone of the room. The economy in heating this section rather than the upper unused section is also worthy of note.

The two illustrations on this page contrast the two methods of heating.

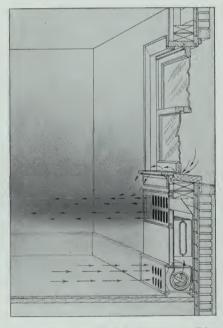
Air-Way AERIET, with its positive circulation of the air within each room, produces a more healthful atmosphere in which to live.

The principle of heat utilization upon which the Air-Way Aeriet is based is of importance to the owner as a means of saving fuel. In addition the variation in heat delivery secured by means of changing motor speeds is a positive means of delivering just the exact amount of heat into the room as called for by outdoor weather conditions. The Air-Way Aeriet Unit is provided with a three speed motor so that by merely turning the switch on wall adjacent to the Unit the fans may be operated at high, intermediate or low speed.

The capacity of a heating system must always be based on maintaining proper room temperatures during the most extreme winter weather. Therefore, with present type heating systems, excess capacity is provided during normal conditions. However the AERIET can be regulated in its heat delivery as easily as artificial lighting is controlled. When it is required to heat a room quickly after a period of unoccupancy, the Unit can be operated at high speed for a short time, thus giving a large volume of heat until the room has reached proper temperature, and then changed to low speed. This feature is of great importance for guest rooms of homes, and hospital, apartment and hotel rooms, or any room which may be unoccupied during a portion of each day.



Heating by the old fashioned Radiator. The air surrounding the radiator is heated and rises to the ceiling discoloring the walls, and forming a layer of warmed air which gradually increases until it reaches down to the lower or living zone of the room. There is no positive circulation of the air in the room.



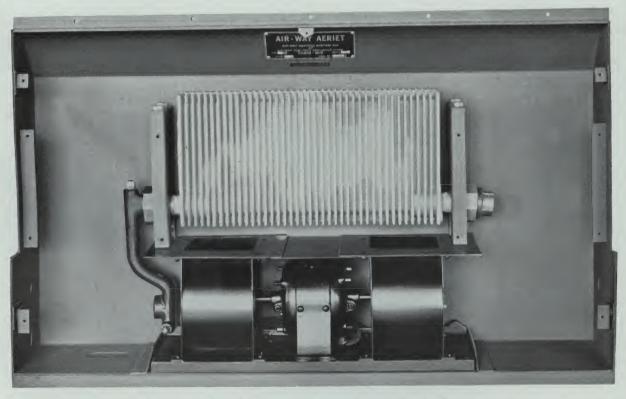
Heating with the Air-Way Aeriet. The air is drawn into the Aeriet from the floor level, blown through the heating unit, and a stream of warmed air is sent out into the living zone of the room. Here there is positive mechanical circulation of the air in the room plus heating by convection which alone is 25% more efficient than heating by radiation.



Air-Way Aeriet will heat the hard-to-heat room on the windward side of the house or building. The under-door draft from the outside is gathered in by a properly placed Aeriet, and the air, heated, is sent out into the room.

Not only is the Air-Way AERIET concealed within the building walls; but the total weight of the Unit including cabinet, heating element, fans and motor is one-fourth the weight of a cast iron radiator of equal capacity.

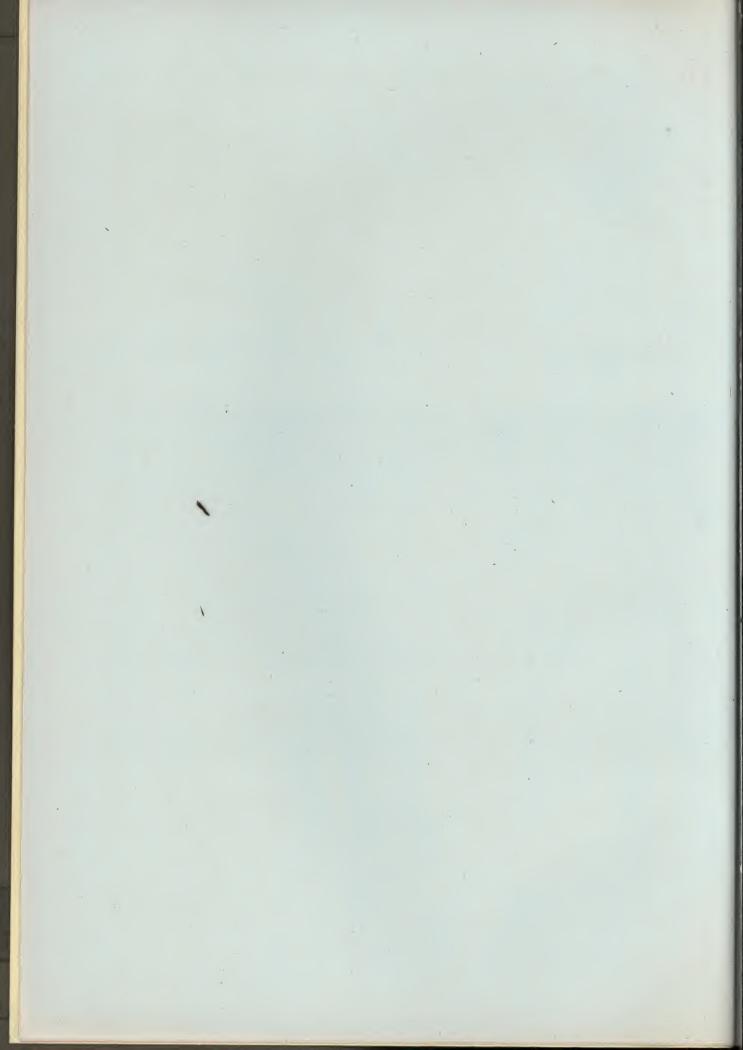
Authorities agree that often 20% of the total fuel cost of heating is wasted by overheating caused by lack of positive control of the delivery of heat in individual rooms. Controlling the delivery of heat in the rooms by controlling the operation of the boiler drafts, oil or gas burners does not mean control of room temperature, as, due to changeable wind conditions, the heat required in all rooms is not in the same proportion. The Air-Way Aerier is designed to operate under the full control of a simple electric thermostat, individually in each room or in groups arranged with regard to nature of occupancy. Under such control, the Aerier will maintain an even predetermined temperature without further attention regardless of the direction or velocity of wind or outdoor temperature providing proper steam or hot water supply is maintained to the Unit.



View of Model 14 Air-Way Steam or Vapor Aeriet—(Front panels removed)

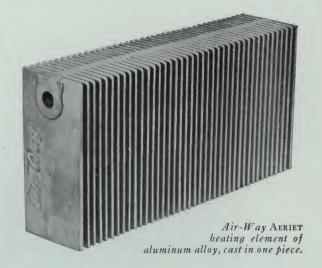
Note the accessibility of all parts of the unit and the ample space provided inside of the cabinet at the supply and return end of the heating element for installation of all piping connections, shut-off valve, air vent valve or thermostatic trap.

Cooling pocket with union fitting on return end and union fitting on supply end furnished with Aerier.



How The Air-Way Aeriet Does Its Work

The heating element in the Air-Way AERIET is of aluminum alloy, cast in one piece. In appearance it resembles a miniture radiator. There are no welded, soldered, brazed or expanded joints of any kind, so expansion or contraction strains or stresses cannot damage it in any way. Scientifically designed, so as to provide the maximum radiating surface with compactness of construction, it is tested to 160 pounds steam pressure and 500 pounds cold water hydraulic pressure before it leaves the factory.

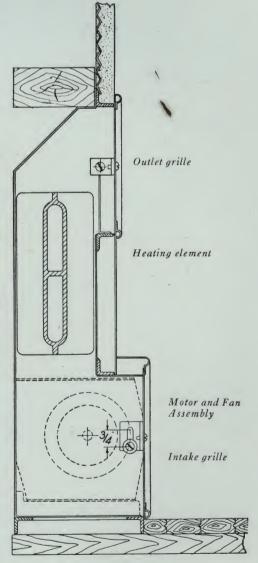


Steam or hot water piping connections are readily accessable and can be arranged to fit into all types of building construction.

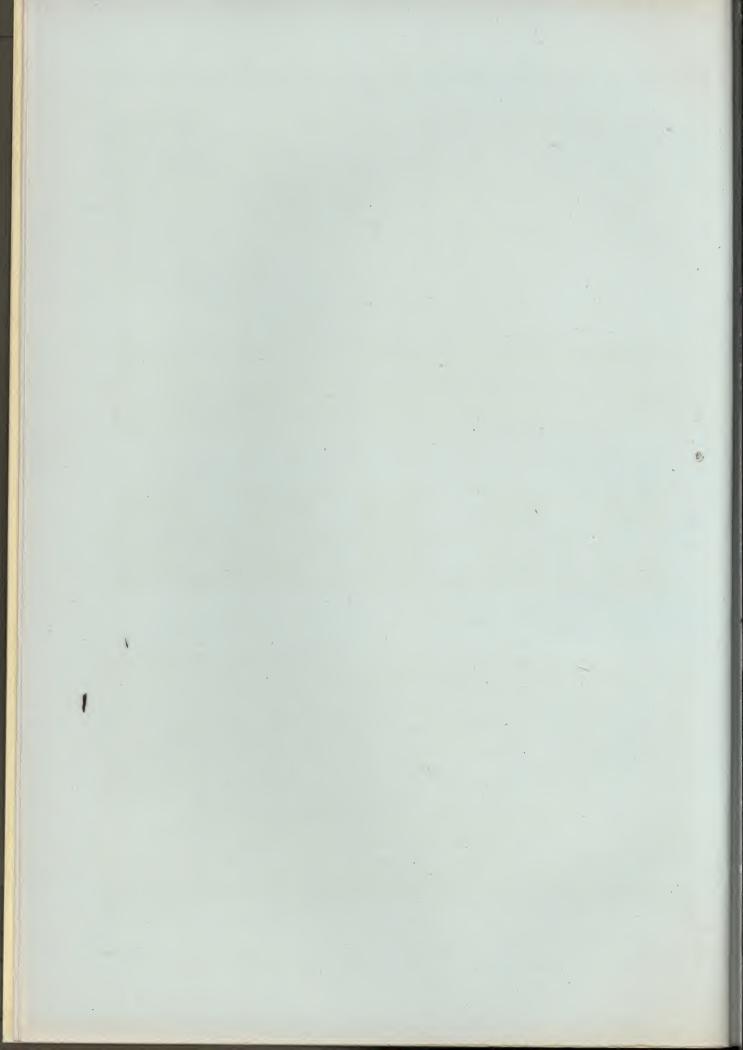
Just back of the inlet or cold air grille is a small, noiseless, electric motor which operates fans below the heating element. The motor is of a special type, and is built to operate at high, intermediate and low speeds. The motor speed is controlled by switches mounted adjacent to the unit. The fans draw in the air, usually from the floor level of the room, force it up past the heating unit, between the fins, where it is warmed, and directs it through the outlet grille into the living zone.

The warmed air discharged from the Unit is directed by properly designed baffles and the velocity given by the motor driven fans is sufficient to overcome the tendency of the warmed air to rise immediately to the ceiling of the room. This velocity, however, is not great enough to be objectionable to occupants sitting near the outlet. Due to the horizontal flow of the warm air stream, smudging or streaking of walls and ceiling areas over the Unit is practically eliminated. This horizontal velocity insures a steady stream of warmed air entering and traveling across the room in the living zone.

The current required to operate even the largest AERIET motors is but a fraction of the current required for one light bulb. (See Engineering



End section drawing of Air-Way Aeriet, offset front type



Data, Section 200, Page 17.) This is especially true for the normal or slow speed operation.

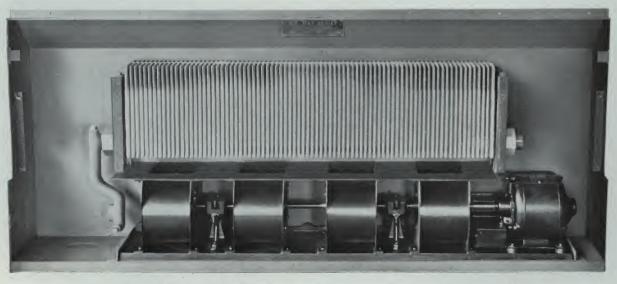
The Air-Way Aeriet is available either for manual or automatic control. The manual control type is designed for the Unit to be controlled by the room occupant, but the automatic control type may be under the full control of the electric thermostat in the room or by a central thermostat. With either type, the selective switch for motor speed is furnished for mounting adjacent to each Unit. An advantage of the Aeriet which cannot be secured with any other type of heating Unit designed for the same purpose is its adaptability to any type control system and its immediate response in heat delivery to the demands of the control. Heat delivery can be regulated by controlling motor circuit, or modulation control can be used which entirely eliminates air stratification.



Top View of Fan and Motor Assembly-Model 27 Aeriet (Four Fan Unit)

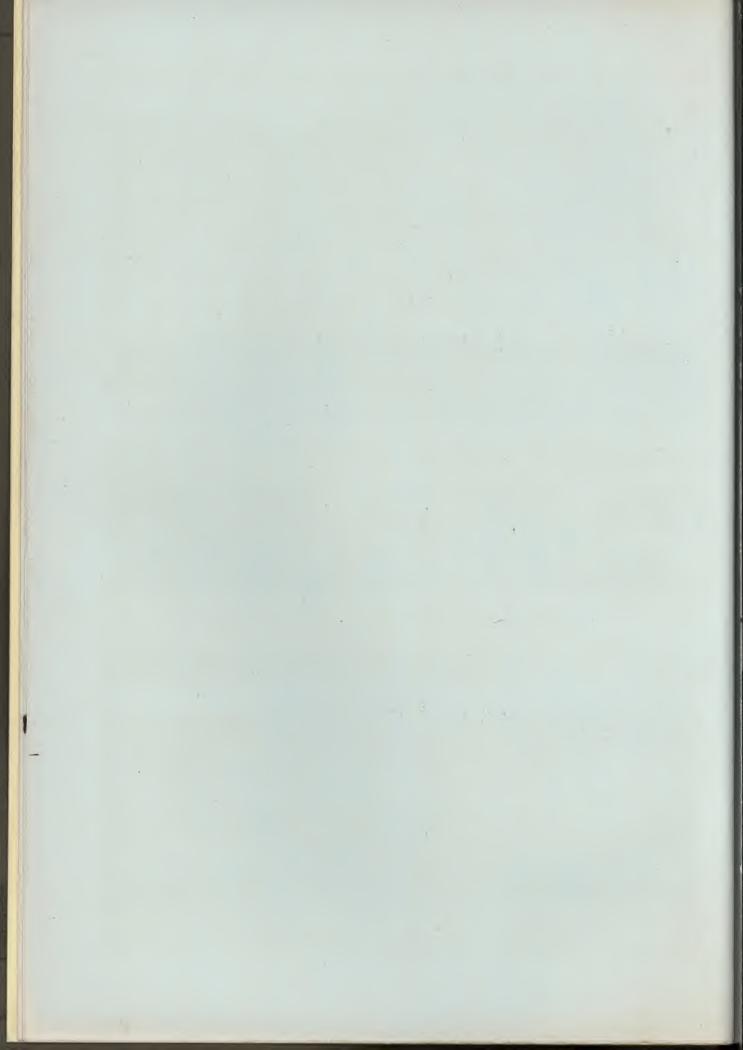


Front View of Fan and Motor Assembly-Model 27 AERIET (Four Fan Unit)



Front View of Model 27 Air-Way Steam or Vapor Aeriet with front panels removed

Note accessibility, ample space for piping connections, flexible coupling between fans and motor and also oversize construction of fan shaft bearings with oil supply of sufficient quantity for an entire heating season.



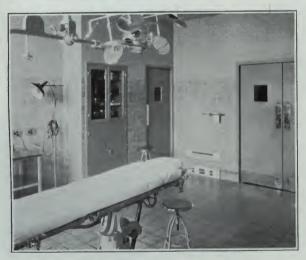
Where The Air-Way Aeriet Can Be Used

Wherever dependable, economical diffusion of heat with positive control is desired, and especially where floor space is at a premium, the Air-Way AERIET is the most efficient method now in use. It is unexcelled in homes, apartment houses, hotels, clubs, lodgerooms, schools, dormitories, hospitals, sanitariums, offices, banks, restaurants and stores. It is particularly adapted for churches, art galleries and museums, due to positive air circulation reducing to a minimum the smudging or streaking of valuable objects of art.

It is inconspicuous, lending itself to any decorative scheme, adaptable, fitting into almost any kind of arrangement, and silent in operation. Air-Way AERIET is the very last word in heating engineering.



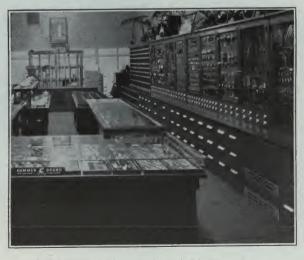
A typical Air-Way AERIET Installation in the Home



Air-Way AERIET Installed in the Hospital



Heating the Nursery with an Air-Way AERIET



A Retail Store Installation of Air-Way AERIET



Air-Way Aeriet is a Space-Saver in the Office



Heating the Finer Type of Homes With Air-Way Aeriet



Fresh air from the windows is warmed and breathed into the room by Air-Way Aeriets installed under the bedroom windows.



The reading table next to the window in the library is comfortably warm on the coldest day with Aeriet heating.



No floor space required in this hallway for unsightly radiator. Air-Way Aeriet installed under stairs.



Where Dependable Heat Is Desired Specify Air-Way Aeriet



A constant stream of warmed air is gently forced into the room by Air-Way Aeriet



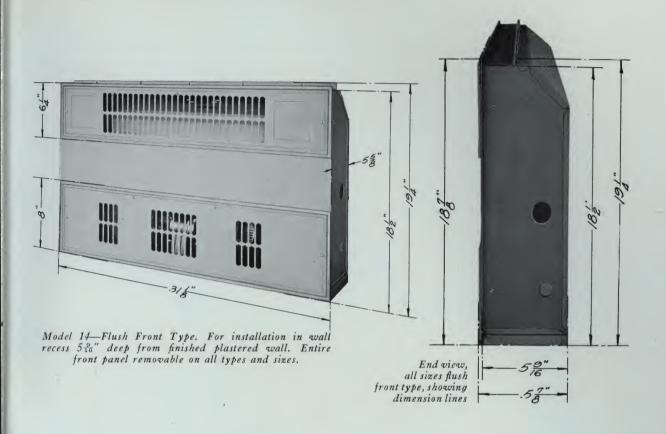
The bath-room heated by Air-Way Aeriet is always warm

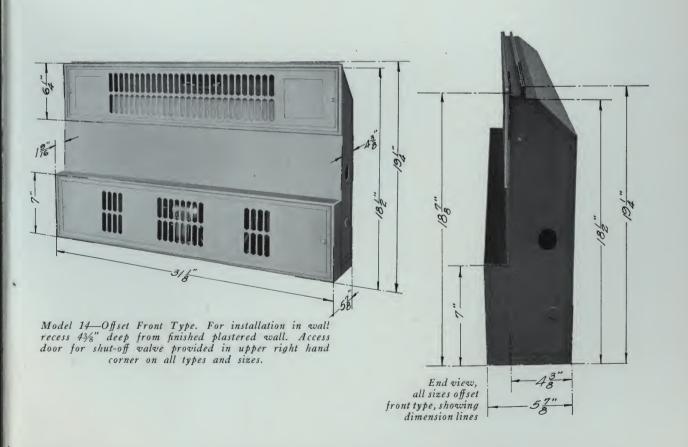


Aeriet brings comfort to this naturally draughty corner



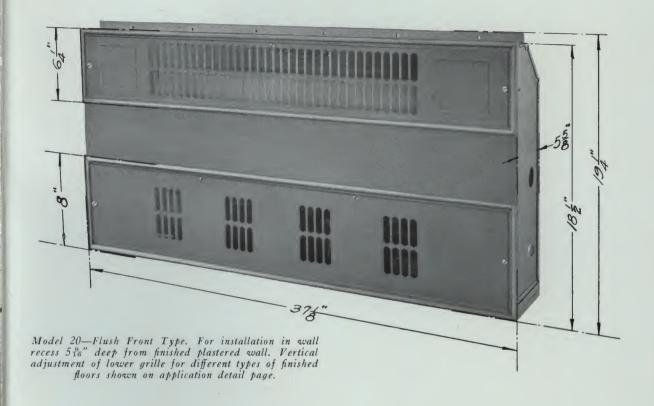
Model 14 Air-Way Aeriet

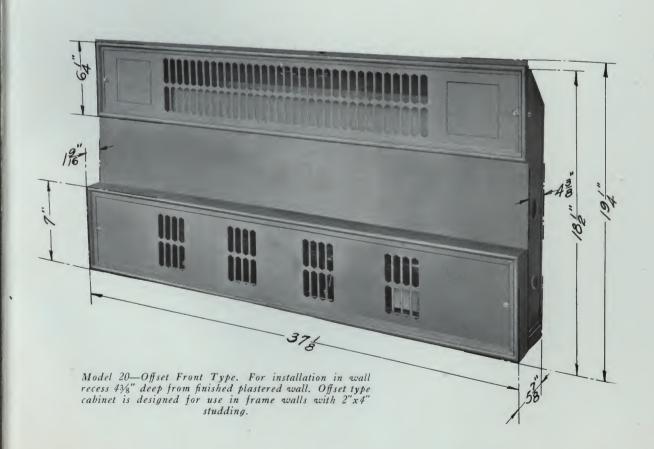


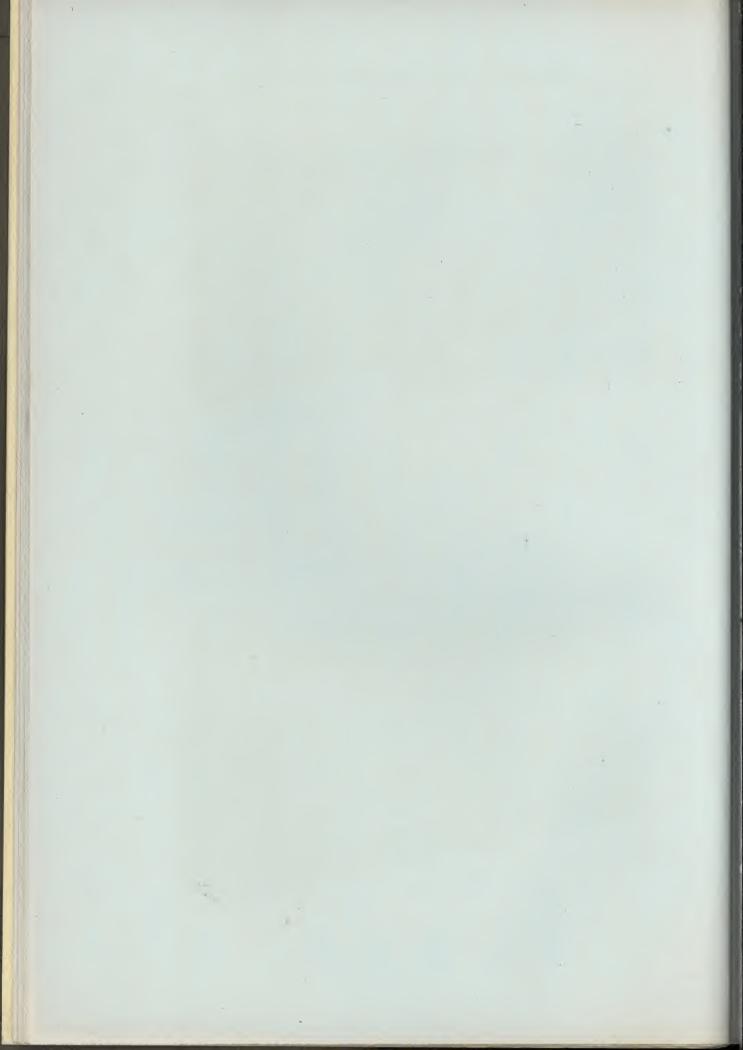




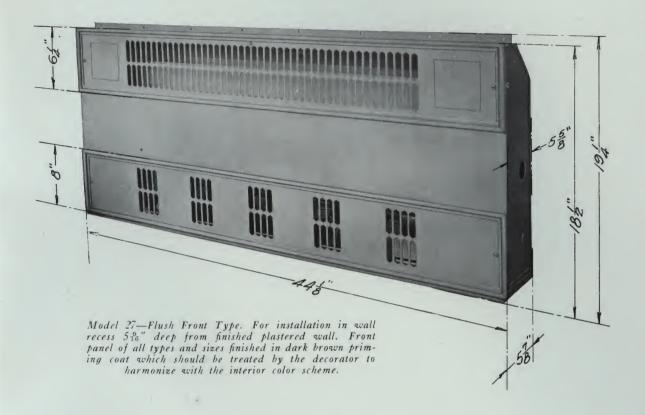
Model 20 Aur-Way Aeriet

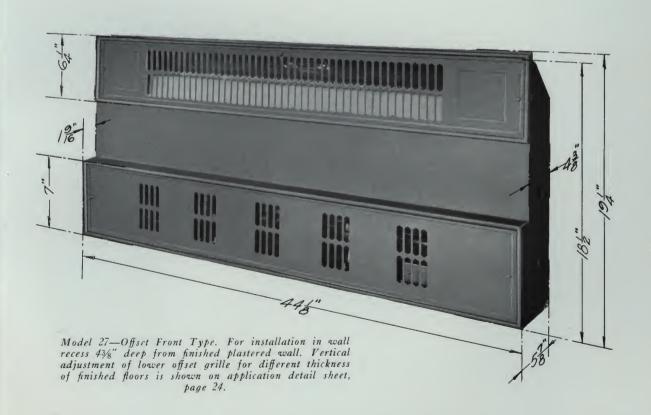


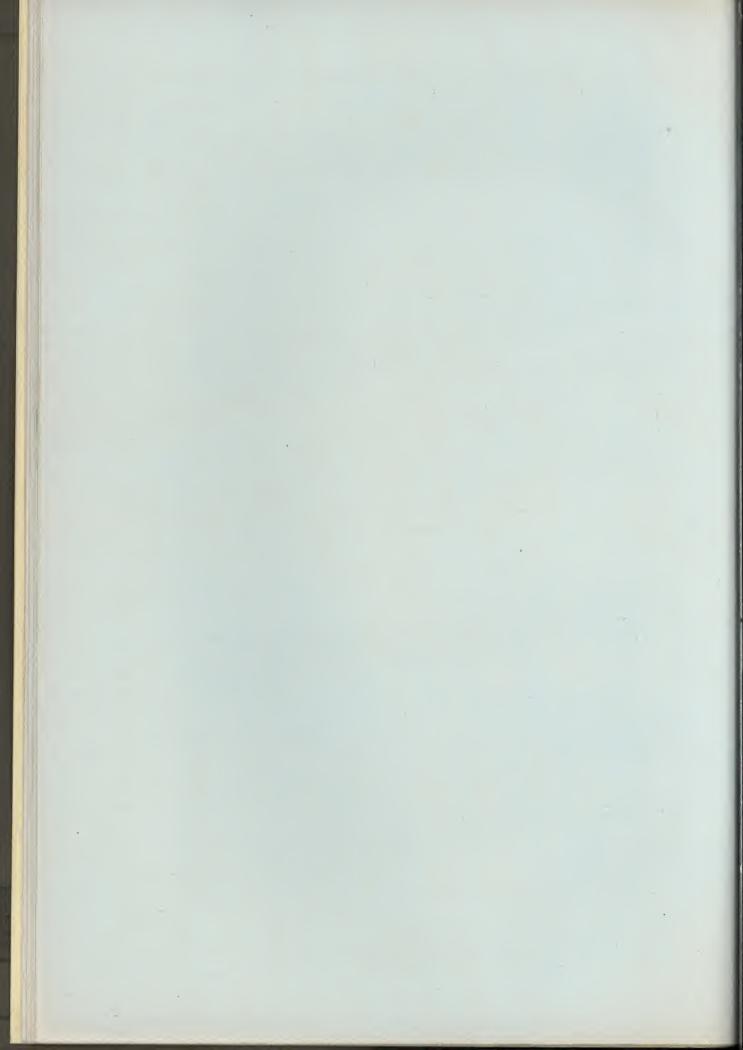




Model 27 Air-Way Aeriet







Air-Way Aeriet for Steam, Vapor or Hot Water

ENGINEERING DATA

Cabinet

As illustrated on pages 9 to 11 inclusive, Section 200, the Air-Way AERIET is built in two styles of cabinets, and each style is available in three sizes. Cabinets are designed to be installed within the walls and are provided with a removable panel front which is to be fastened on the cabinet frame after the walls are plastered, but before the walls are decorated. Front panels are finished in brown priming coat only, at the factory, and are to be decorated after installation to match adjacent walls.

Installation and Setting of Cabinets

The proper size of recess as shown by drawing No. 142027-S3 (page 23) must be provided in building construction. The minimum depth of recess is measured from the finished wall line. For the offset type cabinet which is designed for installation in frame or furred walls where 2''x4'' studding is used, this depth is 45/16''. For the flush type cabinet this depth is 59/16''.

The rough floor or the sleepers of concrete floor construction should be run into the recess for the base of the cabinet and a substantial, firm wood buck or header provided across the top of the recess for nailing the cabinet in place.

Before locating header or nailing strip across top of recess and before setting the cabinet in place, be sure to check height from top of rough floor or sleepers to top of finished floor. If this distance is more than $\frac{1}{2}$ " for flush type cabinet or $\frac{3}{4}$ " for offset type cabinet, it will be necessary to provide a shim of proper thickness so that the bottom of the cabinet will be less than $\frac{1}{2}$ " or $\frac{3}{4}$ " below finished floor line.

When fastening the cabinet in place, care must be taken to set the cabinet level. Metal ears with holes are provided on the sides of the cabinet and on top of the flush type cabinet for fastening metal lath. The sides of the cabinet form the plaster ground, but metal lath and plaster should not be applied until steam or hot water piping and wiring connections are installed and tested.

Piping Connections

After the cabinet is fastened in the recess, piping connections should be installed to the heating element, including installation of auxiliary equipment such as valves, traps, or air vents in accordance with the requirements of the type of system used.

Details of piping connections drawing No. 142027-S8 (page 26) and the following notes are suggestions only—it is recognized that the engineer designing the piping system or the contractor making the installation thoroughly understands the principles of circulation for the type of system selected.

The Air-Way AERIET is designed to fit into any type of steam or hot water system. Ample space is provided in the ends of the cabinet and knock-outs are provided in bottom and ends so that piping connections can be made in the manner best suited to the particular type of building construction. Piping connections must be made at op-



posite ends of the Unit. Roughing dimensions (pages 29 to 34) give location of fittings and knock-outs in the cabinets. Piping connections from the risers to the AERIET may be concealed in various ways, either in floor construction or in chases in the wall.

Where AERIETS are to be used on any type of steam system, the Units are provided with a union on the supply end of heating element, with 3/4" female thread (right end of cabinet facing Unit) and a special cooling leg and scale pocket fitting with union connection to heating element is furnished on the return end (left end of cabinet facing Unit.) The outlet of the cooling leg is provided with 1/2" female thread. The purpose of this fitting is to obtain a cooling reservoir to insure proper drainage of the heating element when thermostatic type of traps are used.

Where a closed return type of system is used (local vents required at each Unit) the ½" plugged tapping in top of cooling leg is provided for installation of the air vent valve—shut off valves, air vent valves or traps are not furnished with AERIET Units,—however, the closed return system is usually a one pipe gravity system, and in order to obtain proper drainage, it is essential that two pipe connections be used for the AERIET Units. To obtain the best steam circulation and prevent air binding due to short circuting, the return from the Units on a closed return system should be dripped into a wet return line.

Where a vented return type of system is used (vapor-vacuum or vacuum-vapor systems) piping connections to the AERIET are the same as for any other exposed or concealed heating radiator of equal capacity. Due to the method of controlling heat delivery of the AERIET Unit by controlling the motor operation, steam control valves are not required. However, shut-off valves are desirable in supply connections. These valves can be inexpensive gate valves rather than the expensive modulation type radiator supply valves. If shut-off valves are installed in the supply branch inside of the cabinet, these gate valves should be the non-rising stem type and the distance from the center of the valve body to the top of the valve wheel should not exceed 47/8" so as not to interfere with opening the access door in the upper right hand corner of the cabinet.

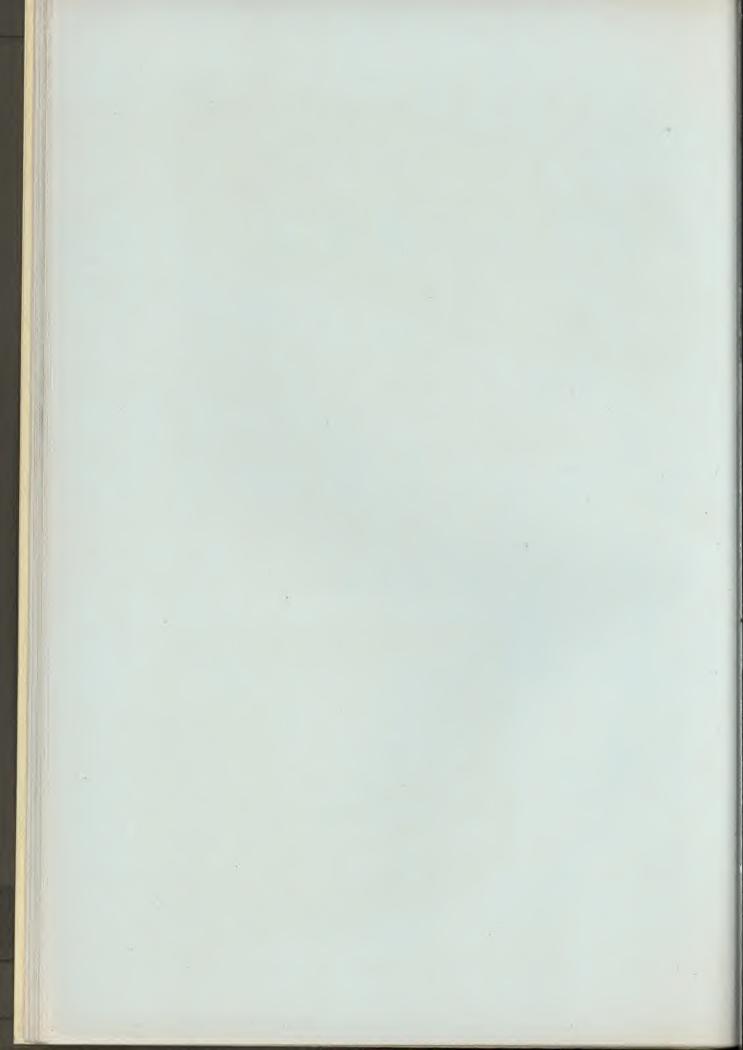
Knock-outs in the left end of the cabinet are provided so either angle or straight-away pattern traps on return can be used. The lower grille and entire front panel of the Unit is removable, thus providing easy access to auxiliary equipment on supply and return connections.

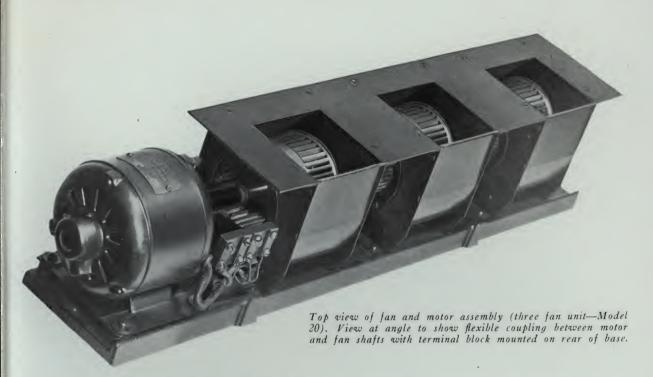
The heating element of the Air-Way Aeriet is leak-proof, indestructible, and guaranteed for pressures up to 150 pounds. In some cases, buildings are supplied with high pressure steam. By operating the entire heating system at initial pressure, which is possible if Aeriet Units are used throughout, reducing valves are eliminated, the size of all steam piping, is reduced, and there is a reduction in number of heaters required, thus greatly reducing the initial cost of the installation.

When AERIET Units are to be installed on any type of hot water system, they are furnished with 3/4" union elbow in place of the cooling leg on return end, and a special vent connection with 1/8" hand operated air vent valve is provided in the top of the heating element. This valve can be reached through the access door for venting the top of the heating element. It is very important that AERIET Units to be used on hot water systems be ordered specifically, otherwise standard steam Units will be provided.

Fan and Motor Assembly

Each Air-Way AERIET is equipped with a motor directly connected to two or more multi-blade type fans in housings set directly below the heating element. Fan and motor assembly Units are furnished in two types (type M and type T). Before ordering; the design of control installation should be checked carefully so that the proper type of Unit is secured. Type M fan and motor Units can be used only where the operation of each AERIET Unit is to be manually controlled by the room occupants and motor operation will be regulated by the speed control switch mounted adjacent





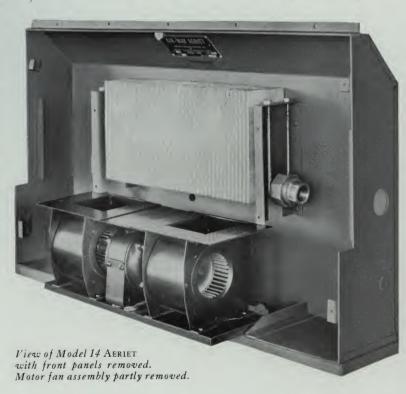
to each Unit and not from a master switch or automatic temperature control equipment. Type T units must be used where the operation of the AERIET motor is controlled by electric thermostat in the room, or where several AERIETS are controlled by one master switch or central thermostat.

The entire fan and motor assembly, either type M or type T, including speed control apparatus and the motor terminal block, is built as a single Unit and mounted on a base which is easily removable from the AERIET cabinet by removing the lower or inlet grille of the front panel and detaching wiring connections from the terminal block.

All wiring leads inside the cabinet beyond the terminal block are furnished with the AERIET. Where model 20-T, or 27-T Units with motors for automatic control are

used with 110 or 220 volt 60 cycle service, the manufacturer furnishes a capacitor with the fan and motor assembly, which the electrical contractor mounts in the cabinet in the space provided on the left end of the front panel. It is recom-mended in new building construction that the capacitor should not be mounted in the cabinet until the fan and motor assembly is installed. The capacitor is furnished with wiring leads for connection to the terminal block and motor.

All other sizes and types of Units are furnished completely wired to the terminal block with all accessories mounted on the motor





block, and the contractor need only make connections to the terminal on the motor assembly.

Steam or hot water type AERIETS are provided with three-speed motors insuring absolute noiseless operation at low or normal speed. The model 14 Units have two fans, the fan wheels being mounted on extended shafts of the motor, thus requiring no separate shaft bearings. The model 20 and AERIETS have three and four fans respectively. On these models the motor is set in the right end of the cabinet under the supply connection to the heating element. A flexible coupling built of oil and heat resisting rubber is provided between motor and fan View of Model 20 Aeriet shafts, thus insuring alignment of shafts and prevent ing strain on the motor bearings.

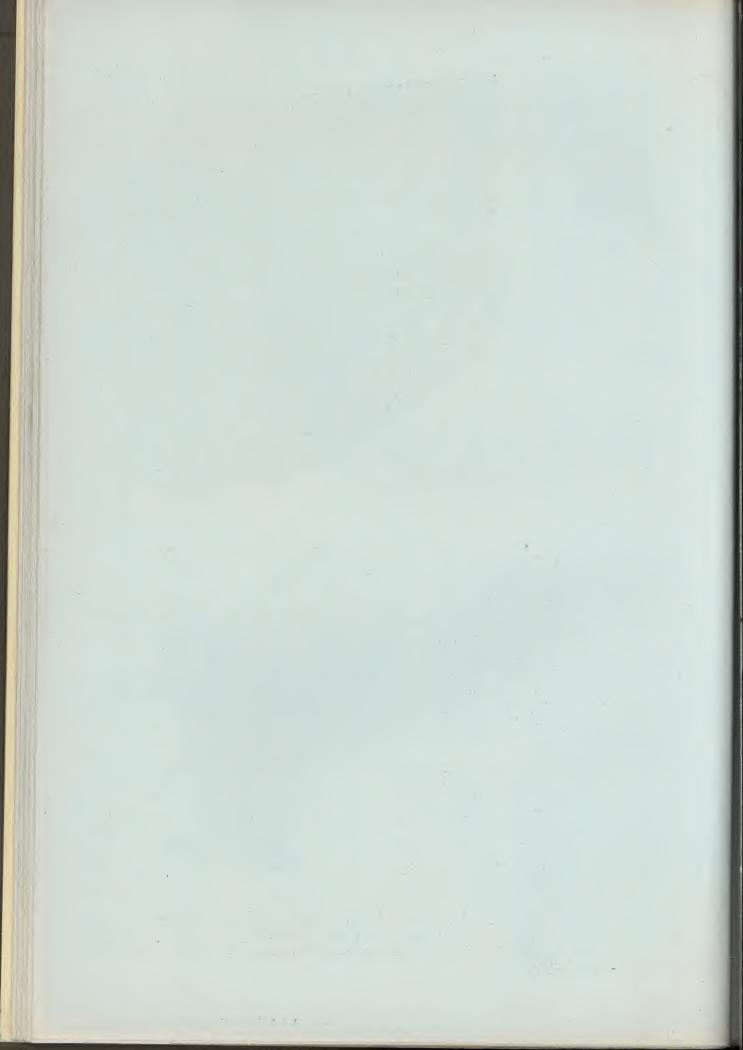


Oversize bearings are provided for motor and fan shafts, and a wool yarn type of lubrication is used on all bearings. Oil reservoirs hold sufficient oil for an entire season's operation. Filling all oil reservoirs at the beginning of each heating season is the only attention required by the mechanical equipment. The fan shaft bearings are self-aligning and all moving parts are designed so as to secure noiseless mechanical operation. See "Wiring" for description of the switches furnished with AERIET Units.

Air-Way steam or hot water type AERIET Units of type M or type T can be furnished for alternating current either 110 or 220 volts, 60 or 25 cycle, single phase service. Single phase Units may be operated on a three phase circuit by using any pair of wires for connections. When several Units are connected to three phase lines, the connections should be divided between the three phases in order to keep the load on each

pair of wires properly balanced. Direct current motors either 115 or 230 volt service can be furnished, but because of radio interference arising from brushes necessary in direct current motor construction, it is recommended that alternating current motors be used wherever possible.





Wiring

AERIET speed control switches are furnished with the Units for installation on the wall, usually adjacent to the cabinet. For model 20M or model 27M units with manual control type motors for 110 or 220 volt 60 cycle service, a four point rotary type switch is furnished with brushed brass cover plate. A standard single switch box is to be furnished by the electrical contractor for mounting the switch.

For all other Units three tumbler type switches are furnished with the Unit. The electrical contractor is to furnish the standard three gang cover plate of the finish which may be specified and also the three gang switch box. Where tumbler type switches are used with AERIETS, they are shipped with bars holding the switches in proper position. All terminals on switches are plainly marked to correspond with markings on the terminal block. The bars holding the switches in proper position for shipment must be removed for installation in the outlet box.

AERIET Units may be connected to the lighting system providing the motors are wound for the proper voltage, cycle and phase, or a separate wiring circuit may be installed for all AERIET Heating Units. The design of the wiring system leading up to the speed control switch for each Unit should be laid out by the architect or engineer. This work must be done in accordance with local or state rules and regulations and must meet the varying conditions of building construction. The wiring should be designed so that the voltage drop will not exceed one volt between the service panel and last AERIET when all Units are operating at high speed.

Wiring connections to all types of AERIET Units must enter the cabinet through the right end (facing cabinet) and proper knockouts are provided for the conduit. It is recommended that, wherever possible, the speed control switch be mounted on the wall near the right end of the cabinet, but this recommendation is only to reduce the length of the multiple connector cable between the speed control switch and the cabinet.

The current requirements for determing the size of wiring for AERIET motor circuits are given in the following table:

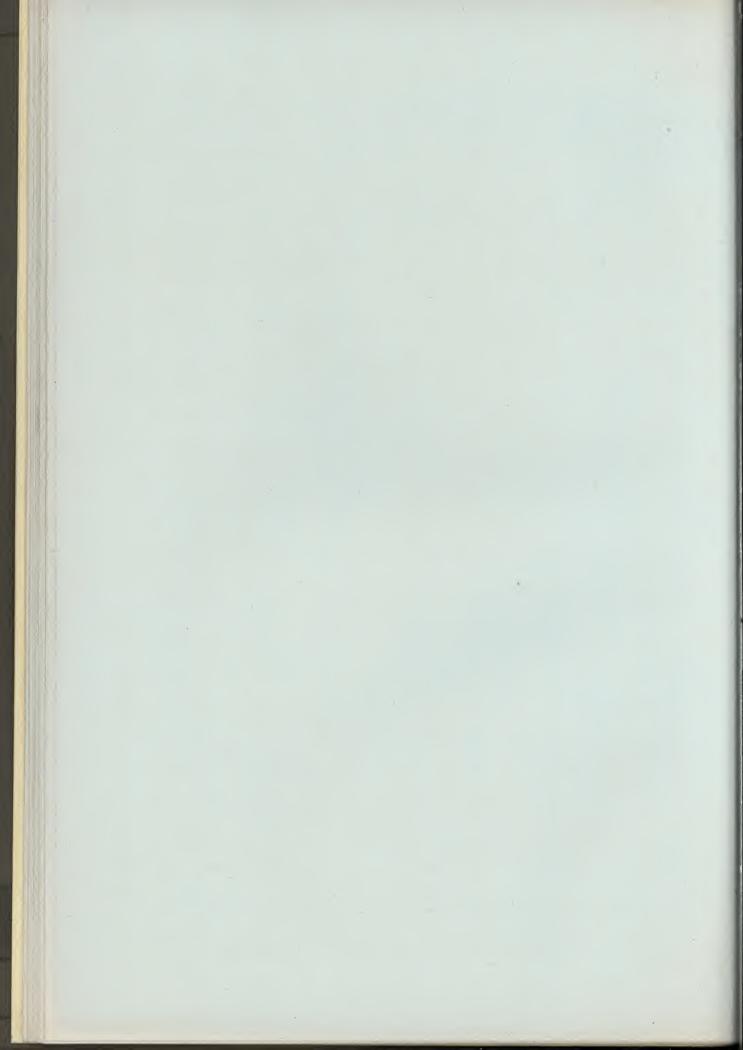
TYPE "M" (for Manual Control) Air-Way Steam or Hot Water Aeriets

| | Curi | ent in Amperes— | High Speed Opera | ation | |
|----------|--------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1 | A. C. 60 cyc | le, single phase | A. C. 25 cycl | e, single phase | Direct Current |
| | 110 volt | 220 volt | 110 volt | 220 volt | 115 volt |
| Model 14 | .58 | .29 | .30 | .15 | .20 |
| Model 20 | 1.00 | .50 | .75 | .37 | .50 |
| Model 27 | 1.00 | .50 | .75 | .37 | .50 |

TYPE "T" (For Automatic Control) Air-Way Steam or Hot Water Aeriets

| | Curi | ent in Amperes— | High Speed Oper | ation | |
|----------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | A. C. 60 cycl | le, single phase | A. C. 25 cycl | e, single phase | Direct Current |
| | 110 volt | 220 volt | 110 volt | 220 volt | 115 volt |
| Model 14 | .58 | .29 | .30 | .15 | .20 |
| Model 20 | .40 | .20 | .75 | .37 | .50 |
| Model 27 | .40 | .20 | .75 | .37 | .50 |

Note: When single phase Units are used on three phase circuits: figure above ampere current per unit for one phase—balance phases by alternating connections to different phases.



The exact wattage consumption varies for the different types, sizes and speed of operation. The following table gives imput for calculating wattage consumption.

TYPE "M" (For Manual Control) Air-Way Steam or Hot Water Aeriets

| | Watts Imput—110 | or 220 Volts. 60 Cycle A. C. | |
|----------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| | High Speed | Intermediate Speed | Low Speed |
| Model 14 | 45 | 17 | 12 |
| Model 20 | 60 | 35 | 30 |
| Model 27 | 60 | 35 | 30 |

TYPE "T" (For Automatic Control) Air-Way Steam or Hot Water Aeriets

| | Watts Imput—110 | or 220 Volts. 60 Cycle A. C. | |
|----------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| - | High Speed | Intermediate Speed | Low Speed |
| Model 14 | 45 | 17 | 12 |
| Model 20 | 38 | 13 | 8 |
| Model 27 | 38 | 13 | 8 |

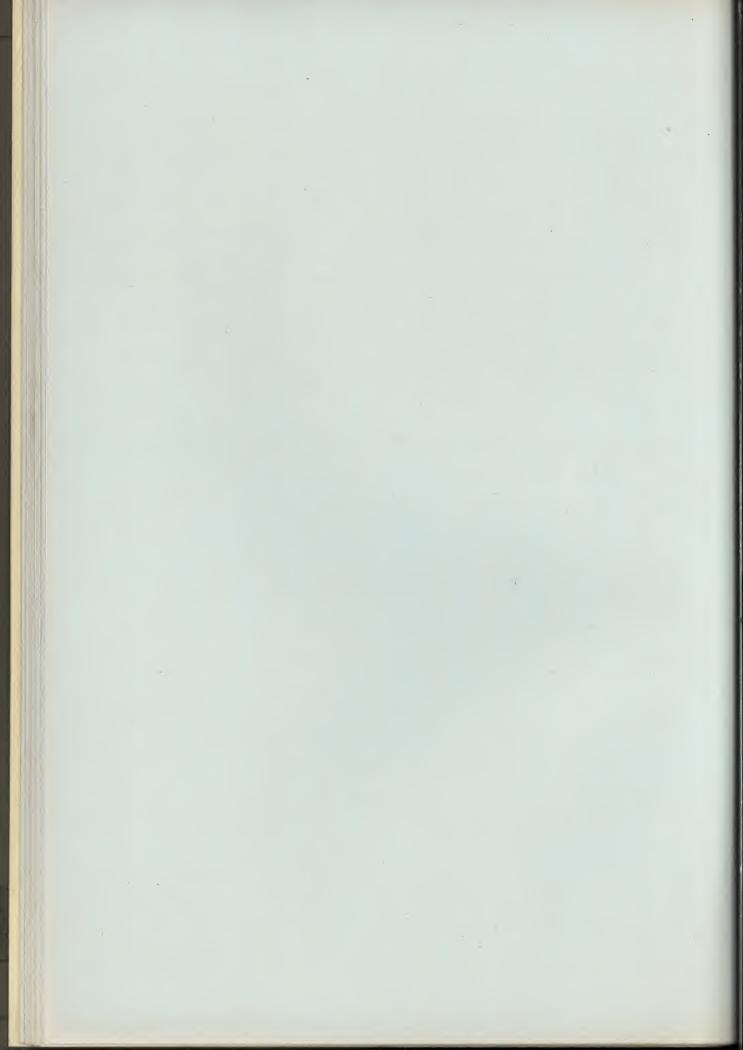
TYPE "M" (For Manual Control) Air-Way Steam or Hot Water Aeriets

| | Watts Imput—110 115 Vo | or 220 Volts. 25 Cycle A. C. lts—Direct Current | |
|----------|---------------------------|--|-----------|
| | High Speed | Intermediate Speed | Low Speed |
| Model 14 | 23 | 14 | 9 |
| Model 20 | 57 | 37 | 23 |
| Model 27 | 57 | 37 | 23 |

TYPE "T" (For Automatic Control) Air-Way Steam or Hot Water Aeriets

| | | or 220 Volts. 25 Cycle A. C. olts—Direct Current | |
|----------|------------|--|-----------|
| | High Speed | Intermediate Speed | Low Speed |
| Model 14 | 23 | 14 | 9 |
| Model 20 | 57 | 37 | 23 |
| Model 27 | 57 | 37 | 23 |

Wiring connections between selective speed switches and terminal block in the cabinet must be run in conduit and connections made in accordance with wiring diagrams Dwg. Nos 142027 S4 and 2027 STM6, on pages 27 and 28. (Wiring diagrams are also attached to each fan and motor assembly.) All wiring into the Unit including line wires to thermostat (if specified) and to and from the speed control switch, must be completed before the conduit is covered by lath and plaster. Since the fan and motor assembly should not be installed until plastering and decorating is completed, the ends of all wires in the cabinet should be tagged with the same symbol as used on the switches.



Heating Capacities

The Air-Way Aeriet is a new departure in heating equipment, designed to take full advantage of proper heat distribution or heat utilization. For this reason the Aeriet sets a new standard as a measurement of heating capacity. No longer is it possible to measure heating capacity by the old standard, which was the amount of steam condensed. This old measurement can only be used for designing the size of supply and return mains, branches and risers, size of traps or condensation return apparatus, and the size of the boiler.

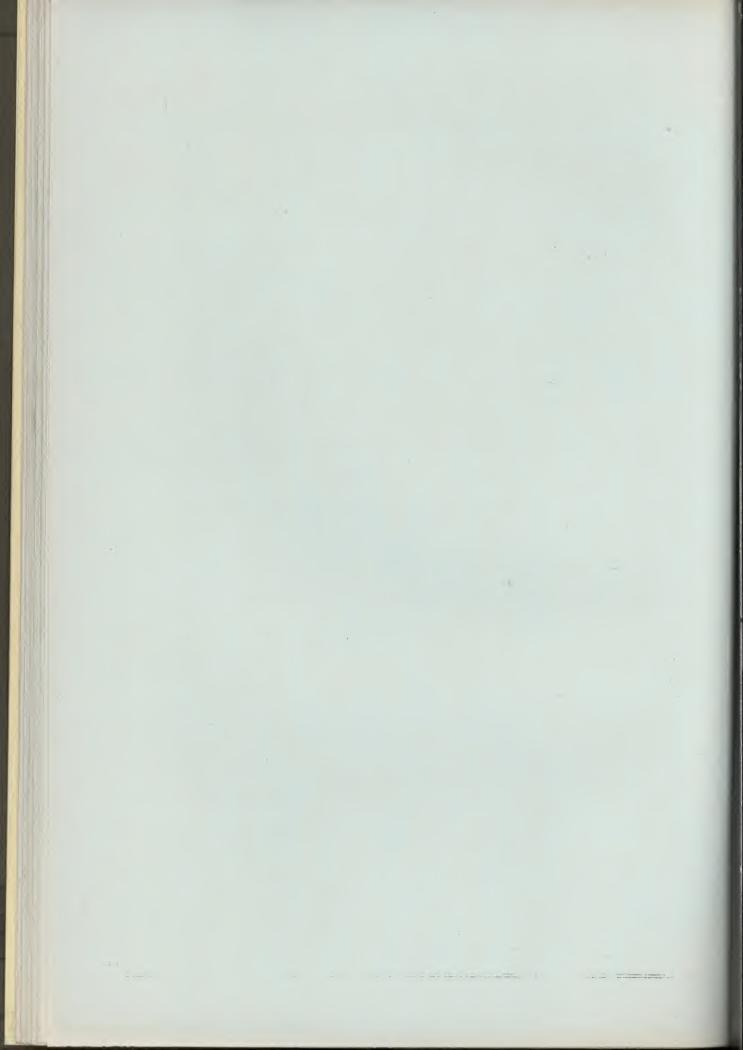
Actual heating capacity of the Units must be based on a new standard of heat utilization or living zone comfort. This is a measurement of heat distribution or degree of comfort obtained within the living or working zone of the room to be heated. Both room heating capacities and boiler capacities are given in B.T.U. per hour and also the old method of rating in square feet of equivalent steam direct radiation. Equivalent direct radiation rating is based on 240 B.T.U. per hour heat transmission per square foot steam radiation. Steam ratings are based on steam pressure at the Unit as given in the capacity tables, the Unit being set in the room with a temperature of 70° taken 3 feet above floor line, this being in accordance with the standard method of rating heating units.

For B.T.U. capacity at other steam pressures and room temperatures, multiply by the correction factor given in the table. For pounds of steam per hour, divide B.T.U. capacity at the steam pressure and room temperature desired by the latent heat of saturated steam at the final steam pressure.

For effective capacity rating at other steam pressures, multiply B.T.U. capacity given by following factors:

Correction factor for determining capacity of Steam Aeriets for various steam pressures and room temperatures.

| Steam | Steam | | Room | Temperat | ure—3'-0" | above flo | or level. | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| temperatures Degree F. | Pressure Lb. Gauge | 50° | 55° | 60° | 65° | 70° | 75° | 80° |
| 212 215 218 227 239 250 258 267 274 286 297 307 324 338 353 366 | 0 1 2 5 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60 80 100 125 150 | 1.115 1.135 1.155 1.22 1.30 1.38 1.435 1.495 1.545 1.625 1.70 1.77 1.885 1.985 2.09 2.18 | 1.08 1.10 1.125 1.19 1.275 1.345 1.40 1.46 1.51 1.59 1.67 1.735 1.855 1.95 2.05 2.14 | 1.045 1.07 1.09 1.15 1.235 1.31 1.365 1.425 1.475 1.555 1.635 1.705 1.82 1.915 2.02 2.11 | 1.015 1.035 1.055 1.115 1.20 1.275 1.33 1.395 1.44 1.525 1.60 1.67 1.785 1.88 1.985 2.07 | .98 1.00 1.02 1.08 1.165 1.24 1.295 1.36 1.405 1.49 1.565 1.635 1.75 1.845 1.95 2.04 | .945 .965 .985 1.045 1.13 1.205 1.26 1.32 1.37 1.455 1.53 1.60 1.72 1.815 1.915 2.00 | .91 .93 .95 1.015 1.095 1.17 1.225 1.295 1.335 1.42 1.495 1.565 1.68 1.78 1.88 1.97 |

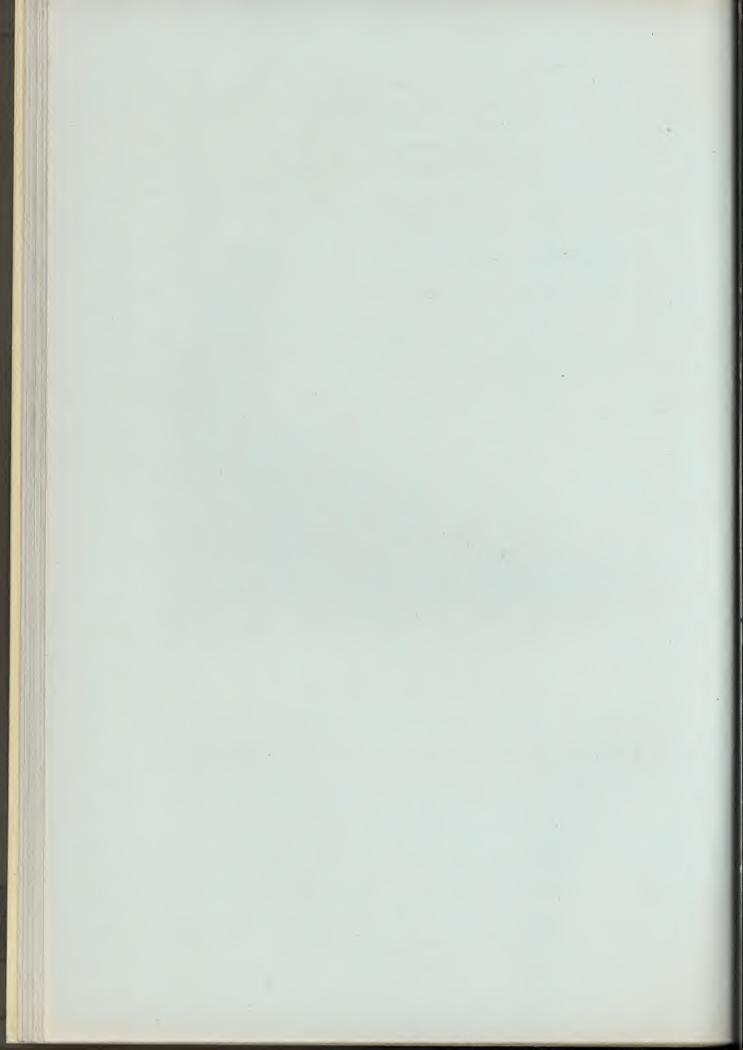


The size of supply and return mains, branches and risers, radiator traps, condensation return apparatus and boiler capacity can be based on the condensation of the heating element. However, it is always advisable to base the design of the heating system on maximum capacity of the AERIET Units when operating at high speed.

Hot water ratings of heating units of all types have heretofore been based on a conversion factor which may be anywhere from 150 to 200 B.T.U. delivery per square foot of equivalent direct radiation per hour. A true rating for hot water heating units must be based on average water temperature in the heating element (not boiler water temperature) and this average temperature will depend on the velocity of water circulation.

Instead of following the generally accepted practice of giving a definite hot water rating for Aeriet Units which in practice will apply to few installations, the Air-Way Electric Appliance Corporation feels justified in establishing a new precedent, and definite hot water ratings will not be given. Heat delivery from Aeriet Units used on hot water heating systems will be rated with proper consideration given to room temperature, type of system, open or closed type gravity or forced circulation, and heighth of unit above boiler or velocity of water for forced circulation systems.

The engineering department will give equivalent capacity ratings if full details of type of hot water system is furnished, as conditions effecting hot water ratings vary over such a wide range it is impossible to publish this data in complete form.



Rated Capacities

Capacities given apply to offset or flush type cabinets and type "M" or type "T" fan units.

Steam Aeriet Units Effective Heating Capacity

Model 14-S AERIET

| | High Speed | Intermediate speed | Low Speed |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Effective capacity B.T.U. per hour | 9600 | 8260 | 6160 |
| Equivalent direct steam radiation | 40 | 30.25 | 25.67 |

Model 20-S AERIET

| Effective capacity B.T.U. per hour | 14400 | 10920 | 9120 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Equivalent direct steam radiation | 60 | 45.5 | 38.5 |

Model 27-S AERIET

| Effective capacity B.T.U. per hour | 19200 | 14520 | 12300 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Equivalent direct steam radiation | 80 | 60.5 | 51.25 |

The above tables are based on heating elements properly vented, filled with steam at 1# pressure (215° steam temperature) and kept free from condensation, and with room temperature 70° at a point 3'0" above floor.

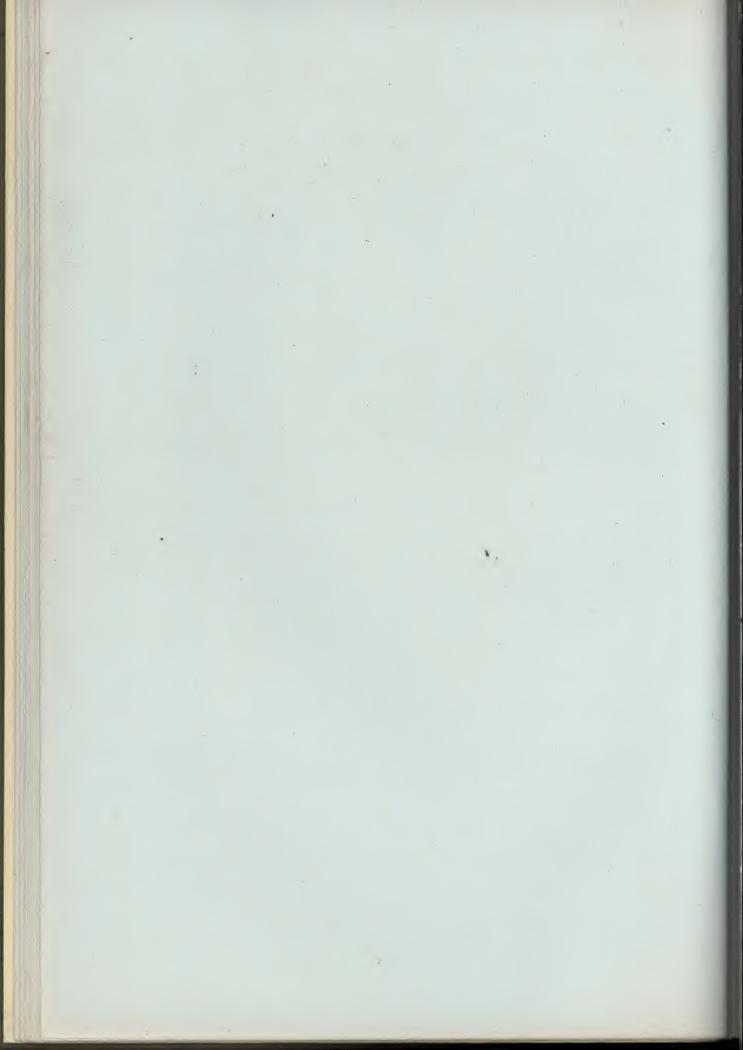
For B.T.U. capacities at other steam pressures and room temperatures, multiply effective heating capacity given in the above table by correction factor given in the table above on page 18 for pressure and room temperature desired.

Steam Aeriet Capacity Rating for Boilers, Mains and Return Apparatus

| | Model 14 | Model 20 | Model 27 |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| B.T.U. per hour | 8000 | 12000 | 16000 |
| Pounds of steam per hour | 8.25 | 12.37 | 16.5 |

Above capacities are for 1# steam pressure (215°) and room temperature 70°—3'0" above floor.

For B.T.U. capacity for selecting size of boilers, mains and return appartus for other steam pressures and room temperatures, multiply B.T.U. or pounds of steam per hour of above table by correction factor given in table on page 18.



Outline of Specifications for Air-Way Steam, Hot Water or Vapor Type Aeriets

Heating

Heating contractor shall furnish and install in strict accordance with these specifications, accompanying plans and details, and manufacturer's instructions, all Air-Way AERIET Units of the size and type shown on plans or as listed in the schedule.

All heating Units indicated as "AERIET" Units, shall be the Air-Way AERIET as manufactured by Air-Way Electric Appliance Corporation of Toledo, Ohio. AERIET Units shall be furnished with cabinets of Paneled (Flush) and/or (Offset) type with (type M, for manual control) or (type T for thermostatic or automatic control) fan and motor assemblies. Unless otherwise indicated on plans and details these shall be standard Units as listed in the manufacturer's catalogue.

Heating Units shall be complete Units including: fan and motor assembly with motors wound for __ volt __ cycle __ single phase alternating (or __ volt direct) current; heating element of the leakproof, indestructible cast aluminum type with fins cast integrally with steam or water section, guaranteed for a working pressure of 150 lbs.; inlet and outlet connections provided with union fittings and (for steam systems) return connection furnished with cooling pocket, (for hot water system) vent connection with hand operated vent valve furnished in top of heating element; cabinets to be furnished complete by manufacturer with removable front panels with inlet grille at bottom of front panel having ½" or ¾" vertical adjustment; cabinets finished in priming coat only. Selective speed switches for controlling motor speeds, shall be furnished with the Units, but will be installed separately.

The general contractor will provide recesses in building construction with nailing strip or lintel for fastening AERIET in place. For this purpose heating contractor must furnish general contractor with correct details as to size and location of recesses so suitable clearances will be provided at the proper time during construction.

AERIET Units shall be set level by heating contractor with bottom of Unit not more than ½" or ¾" below finished floor level. All piping connections shall be made in a neat and workmanlike manner, and all piping tested before plastering is started. Before setting cabinets in recesses, contractor shall remove front panel from each and store until plastering is finished. Panels must be replaced before painting or decorating is started. Contractor shall turn the fan and motor assembly and speed control switches (also capacitors where furnished with the Units) over to electrical contractor for installation (See Wiring.)

Where electric thermostats operating the motor circuit of Aeriet Units are specified, heating contractor shall furnish the thermostats, but the installation shall be made by electrical contractor.

Where automatic temperature control is secured by means of modulation control of steam supply either with motor operated valve or self-contained thermostatic supply valve, heating contractor shall furnish and install the temperature control valve in supply connection of AERIET Units in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. (See automatic temperature control section of heating specifications.)

When installation has been completed, heating contractor shall operate entire heating system at pressure specified, in order to demonstrate that all AERIET Units operate correctly at all motor speeds, and that proper steam circulation is provided and heating elements are properly vented and kept free from condensation.



Wiring

The heating contractor shall deliver to the electrical contractor, the fan and motor assembly for each AERIET specified on plans or specification schedule, together with the proper type of speed control switch, (and capacitor for model 20T and model 27T 60 cycle units where specified,) and also, when called for by automatic control specifications, he shall deliver the proper number and type of electric thermostats.

Speed control switches furnished when model 20M and 27M, 110 or 220 volt 60 cycle units are specified, are four point rotary type. Brass cover plates are furnished with switches. Electrical contractor shall furnish standard single switch box for each Unit.

Three gang tumbler type switches are furnished with all other sizes and types of AERIET Units. Electrical contractor shall furnish and install standard three gang switch boxes and standard three gang cover plates of finish specified by architect.

Electrical contractor shall furnish and install a complete and independent system of wiring with main feeder to a distributing panel for all AERIET Units, or wiring connections to AERIET units may be made from lighting circuit as directed by architect or engineer.

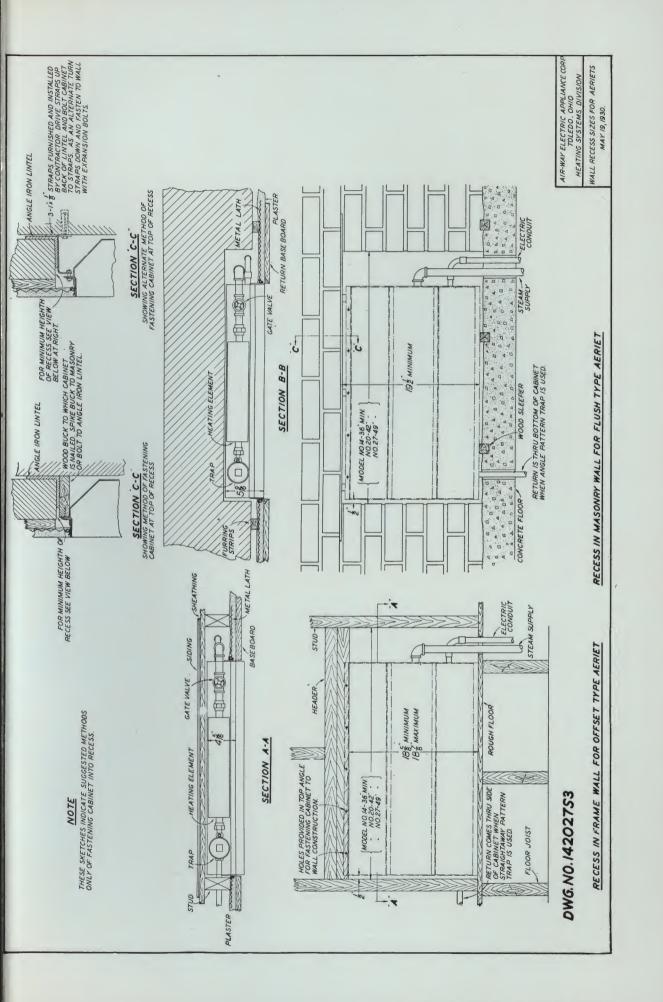
All wiring shall be done in strict accordance with municipal or state rules or regulations, and also any local power company regulations that may be in force at the premises.

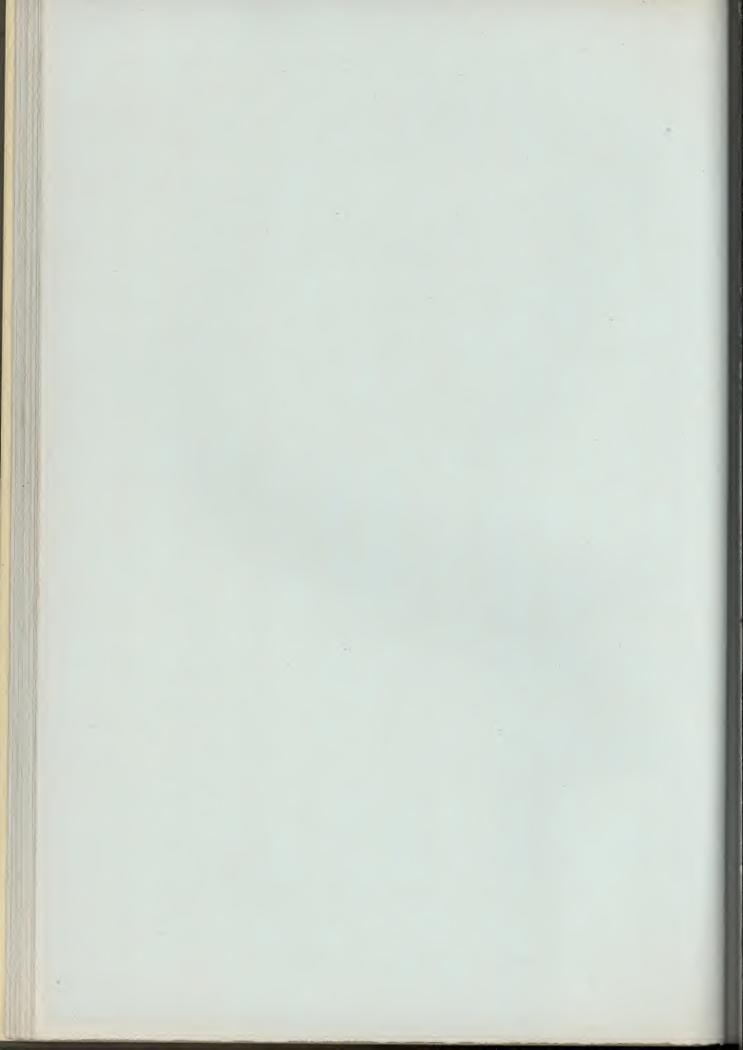
Electrical contractor must check all motor units, and it is his duty to notify architect and heating contractor if any motors are not wound for current available at the building.

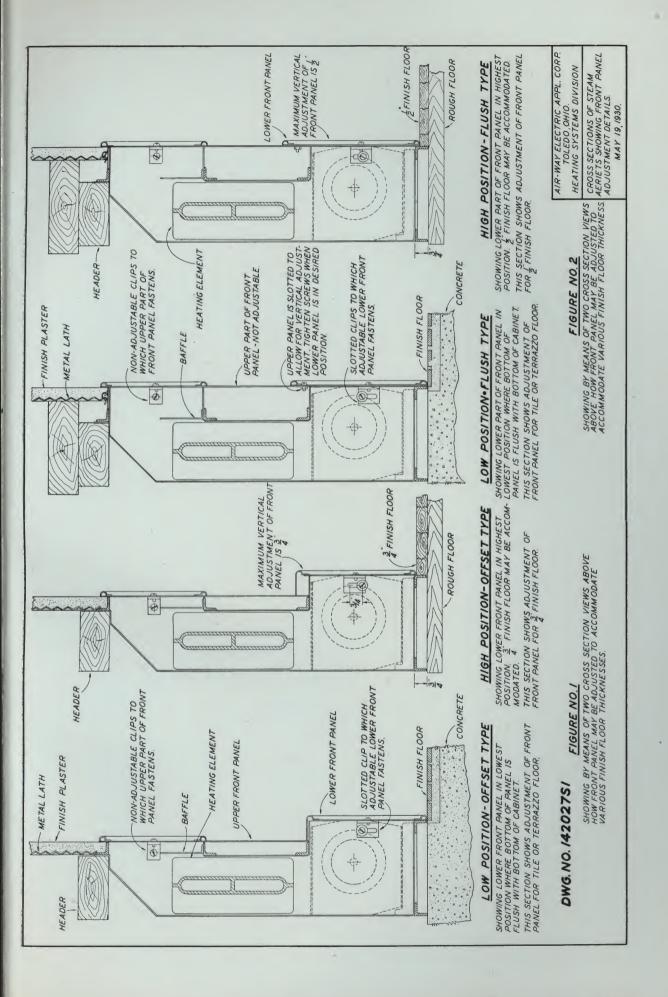
All wiring into AERIET cabinets including wall outlets for speed control switches and thermostats (if specified) shall be done in accordance with wiring diagrams furnished with Units, and shall be installed before plastering is started. After plastering is finished and walls decorated, contractor shall install fan and motor assembly, (and also capacitor where model 20T or 27T—110 or 220 volt 60 cycle units are specified) in cabinet and complete wiring connections to terminal block.

All electrical work shall be tested and motors operated at each speed before turning over completed installation.

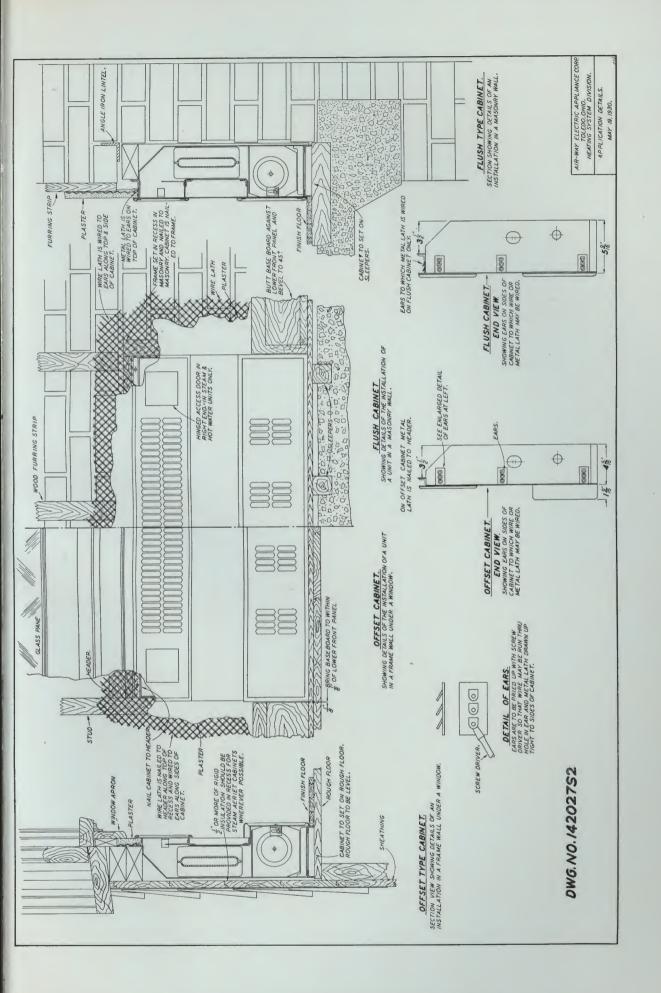


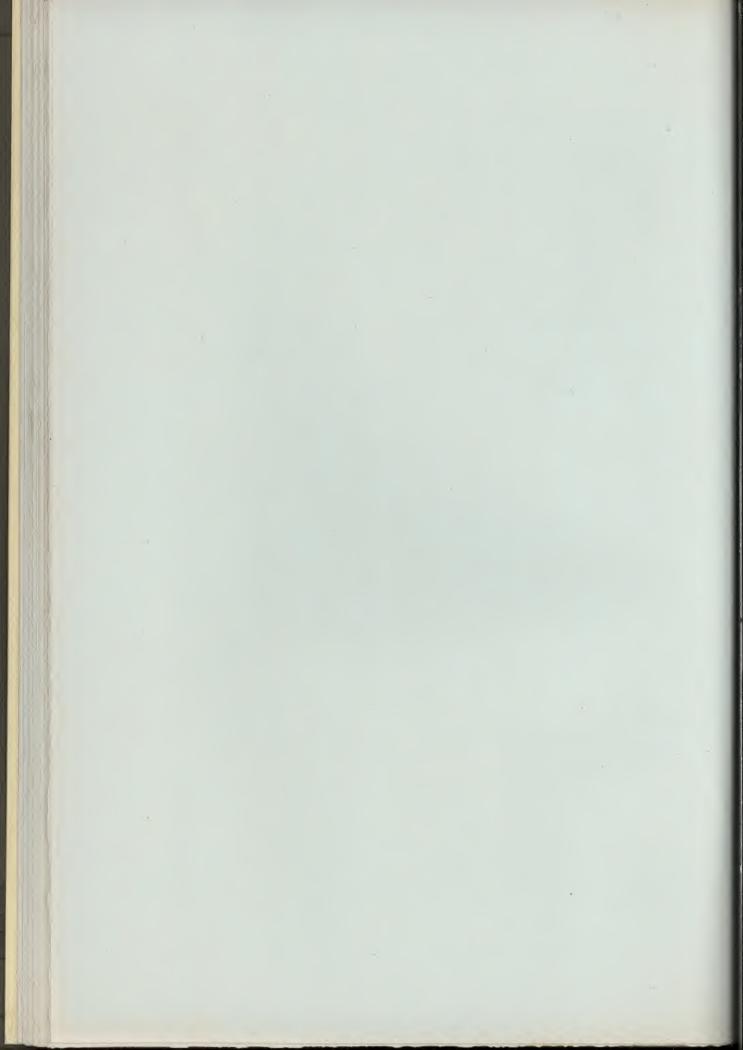


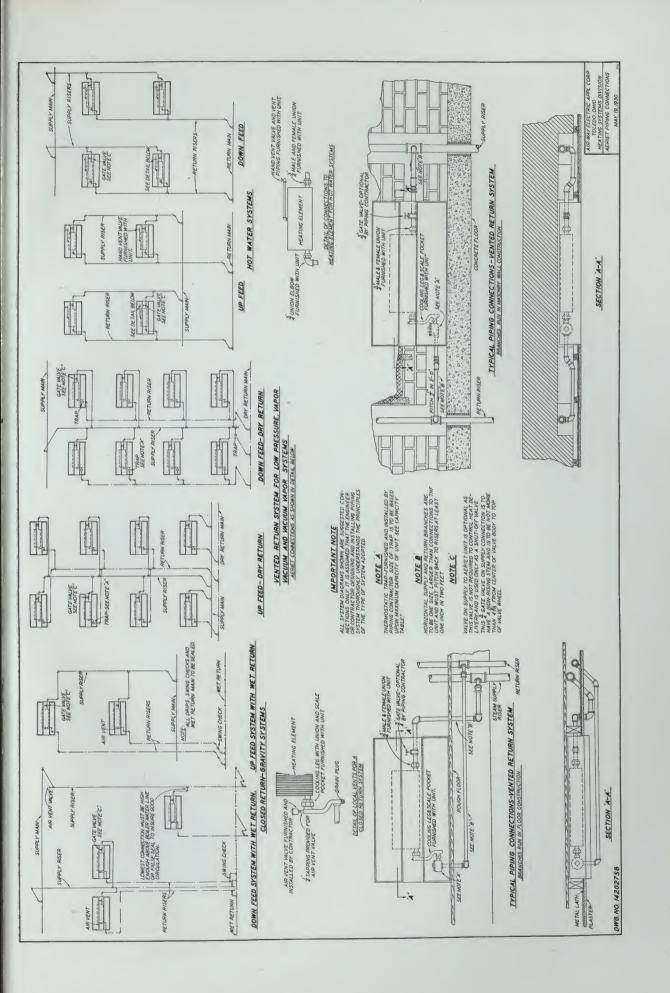


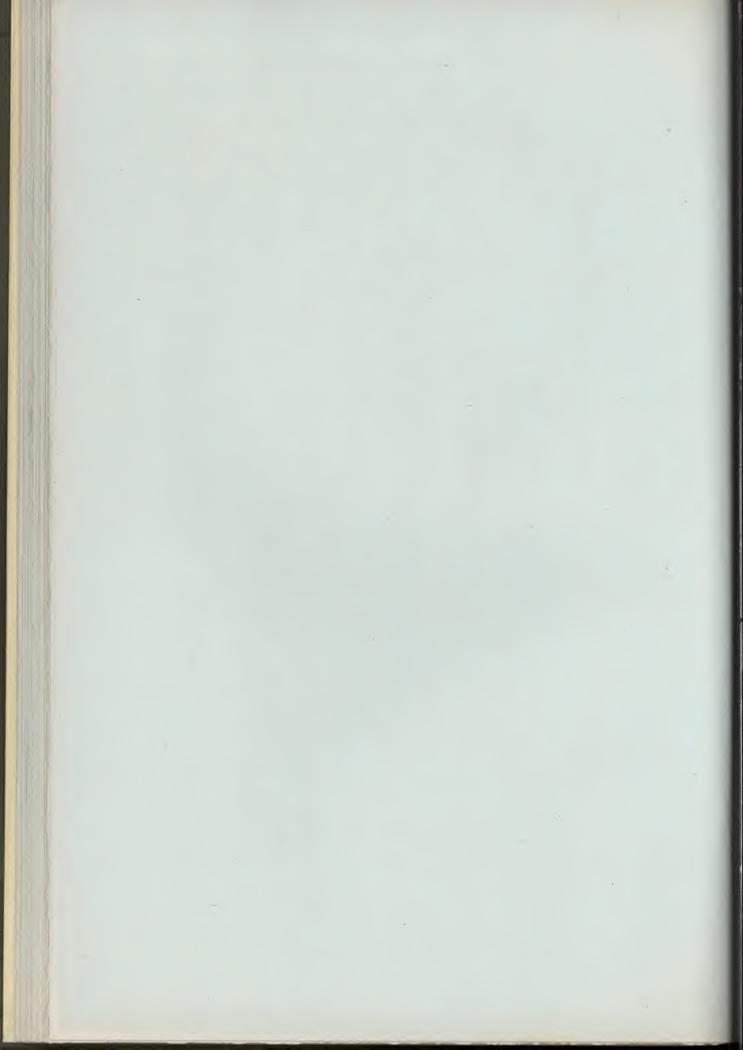


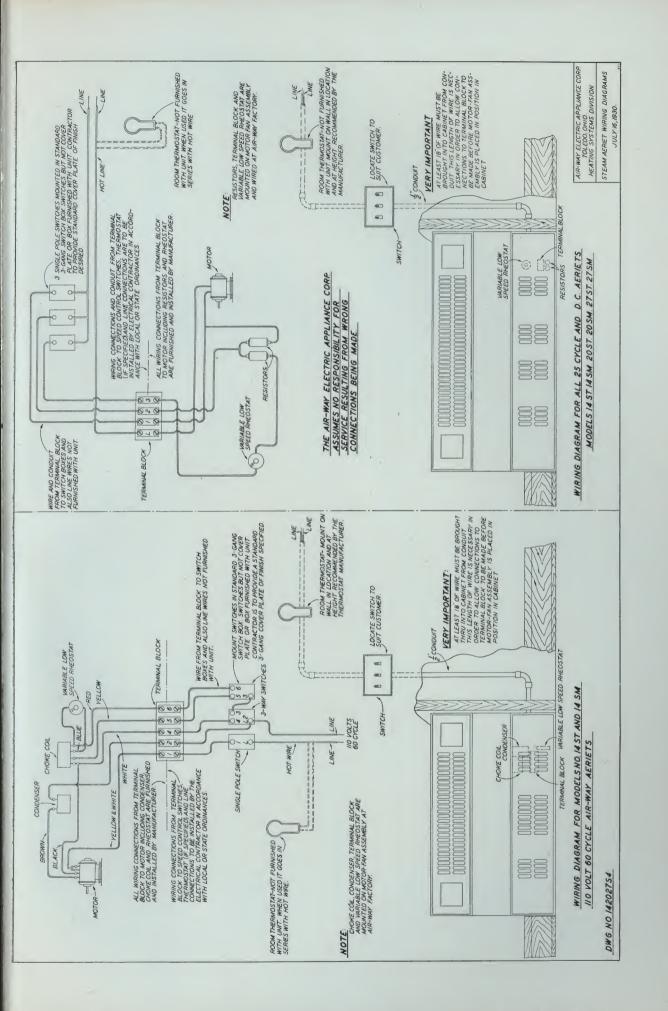




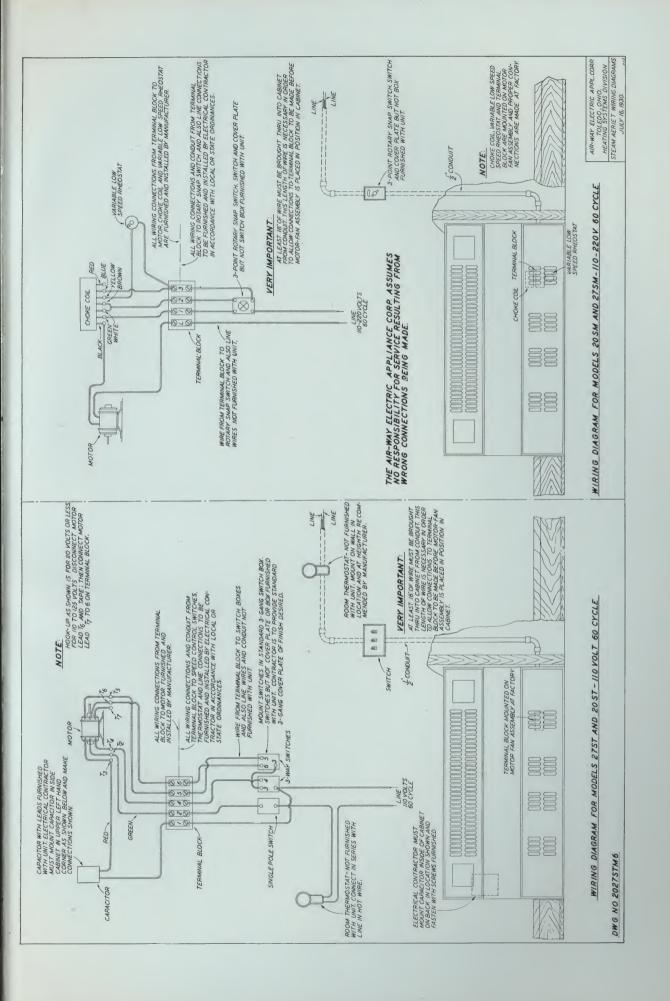




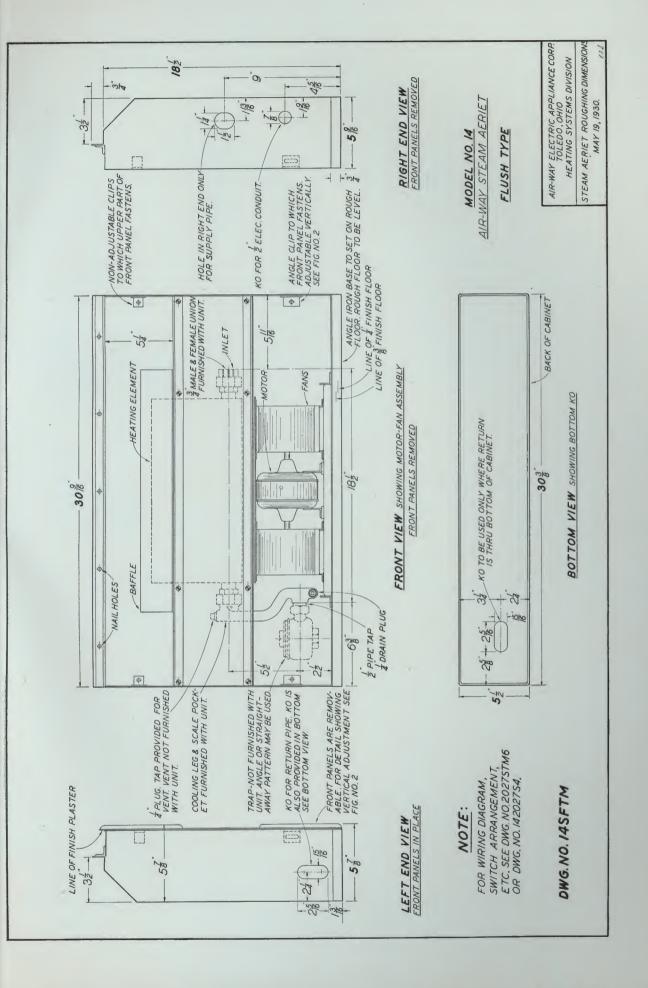


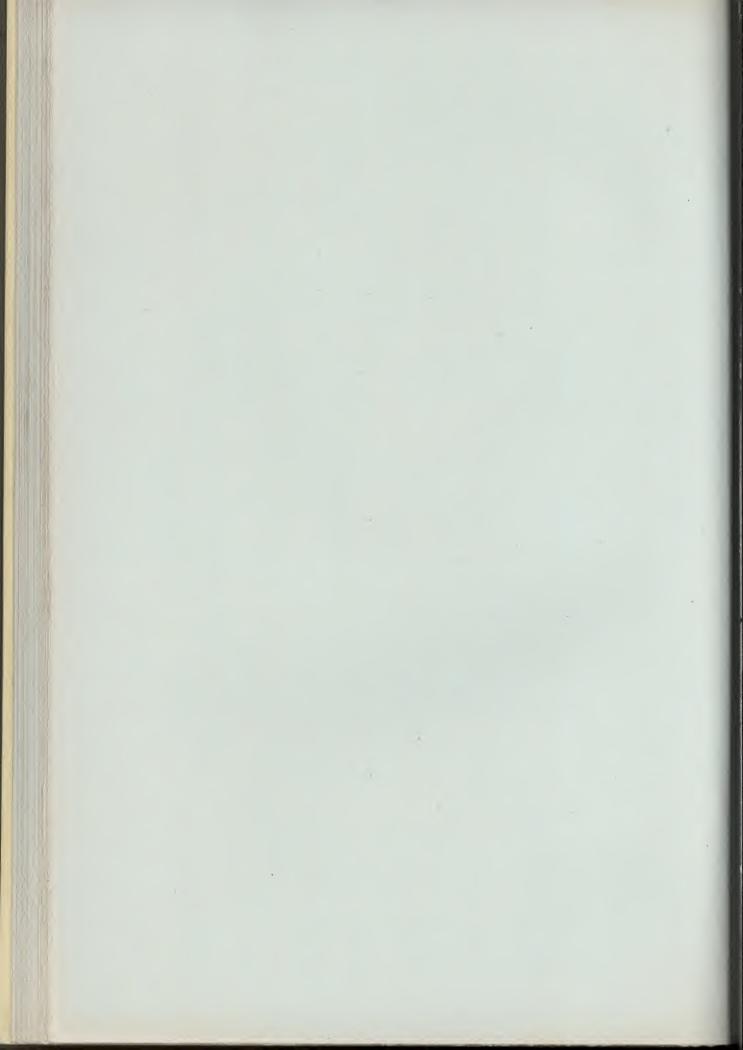


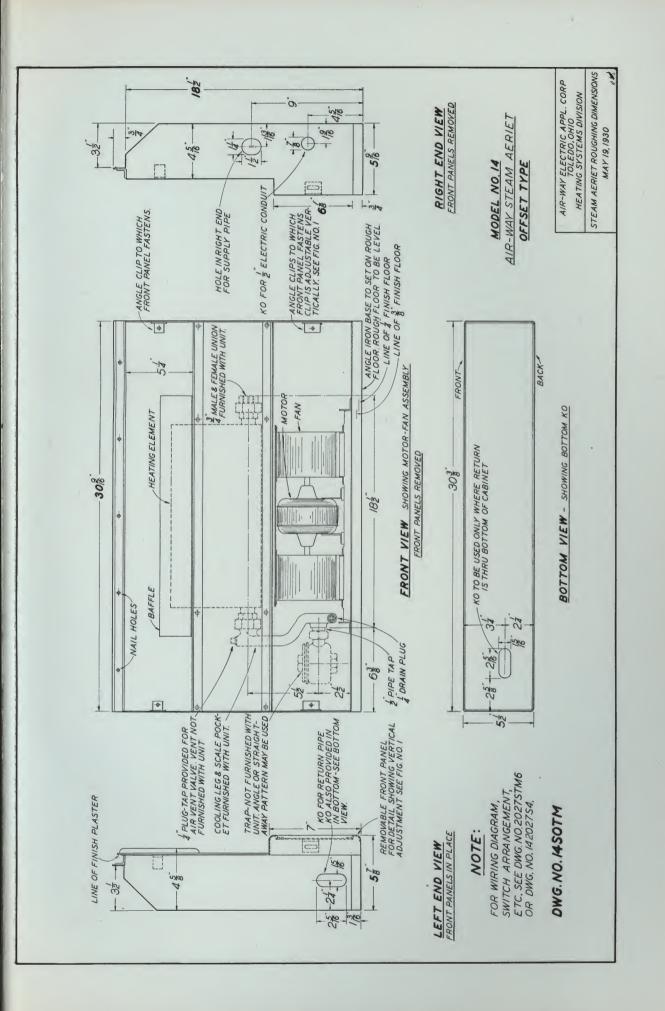


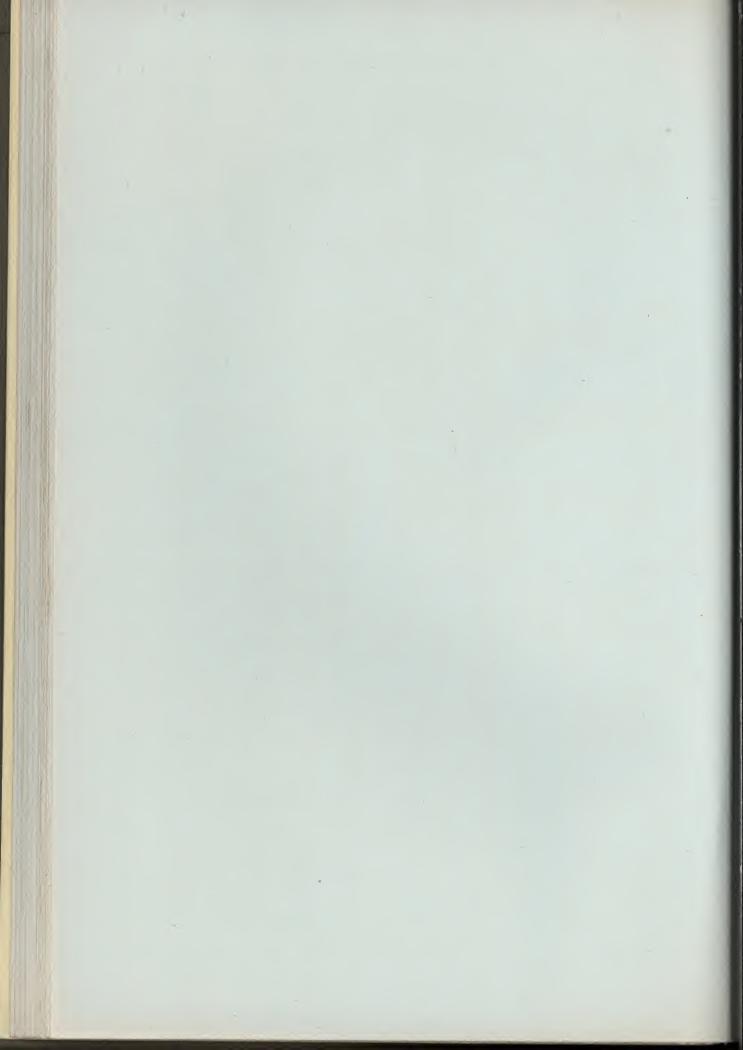


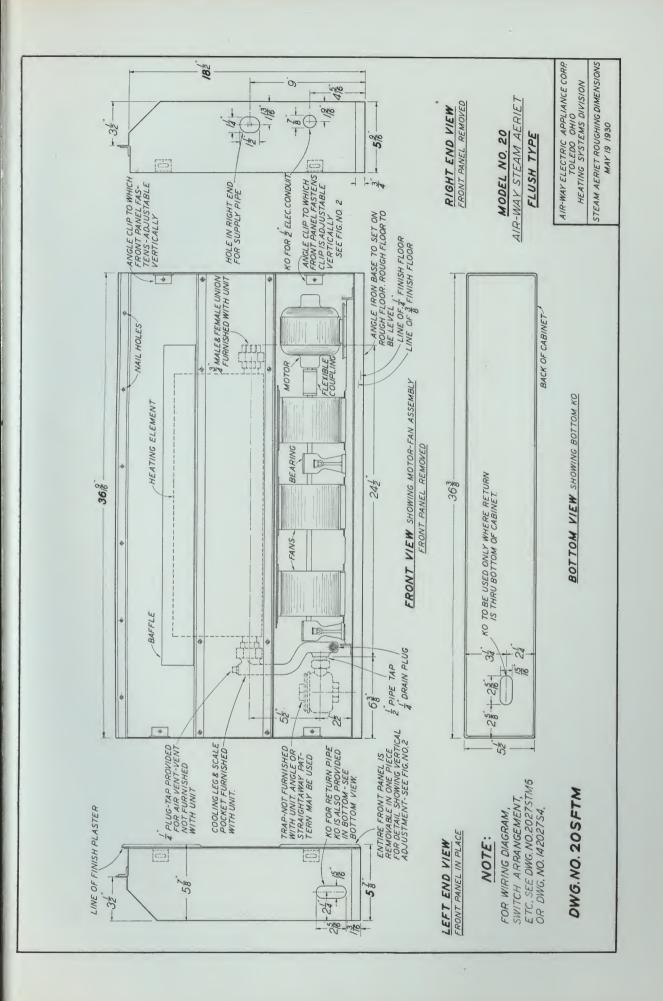




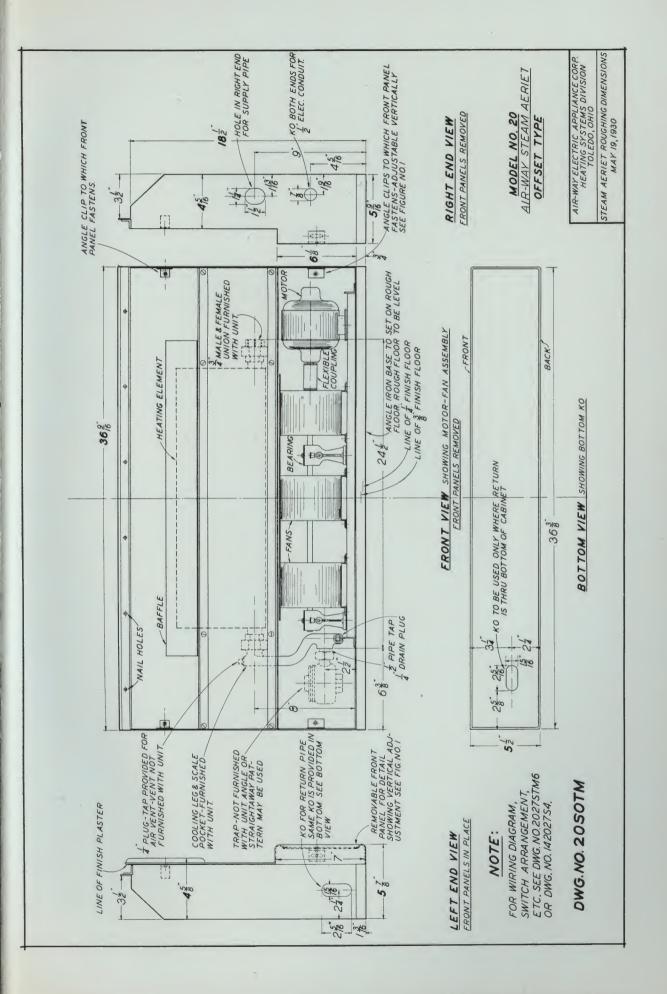


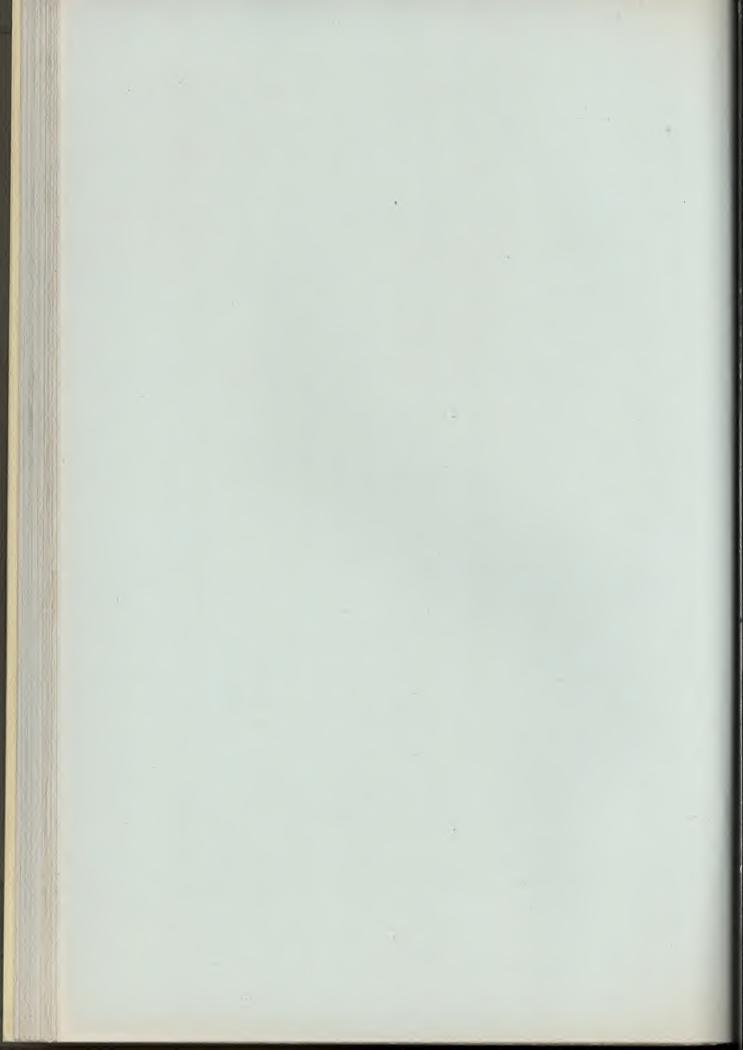


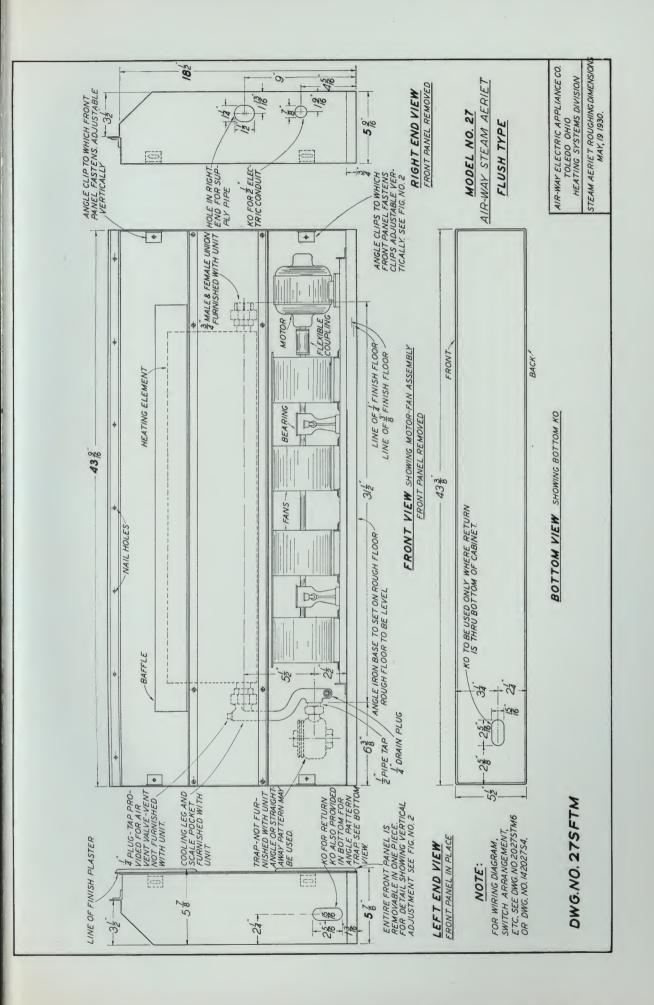


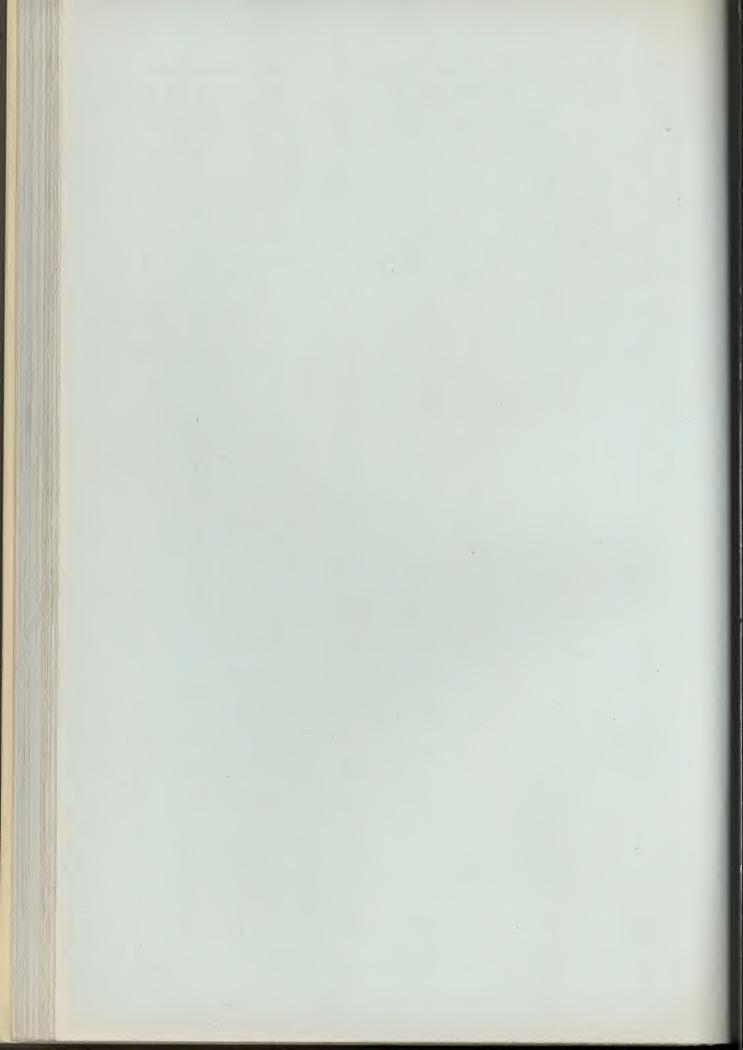


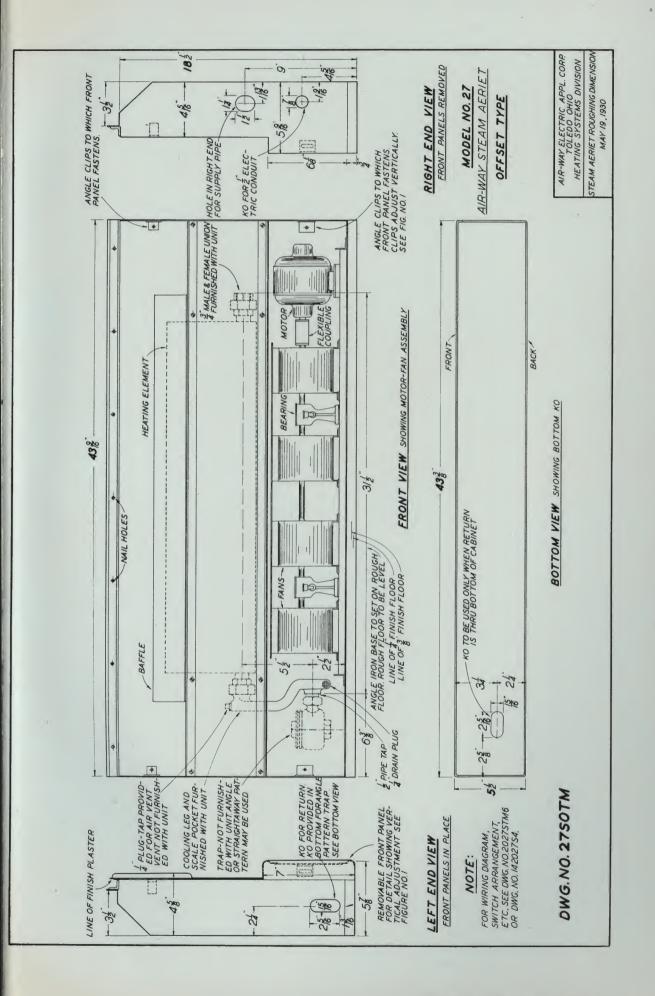


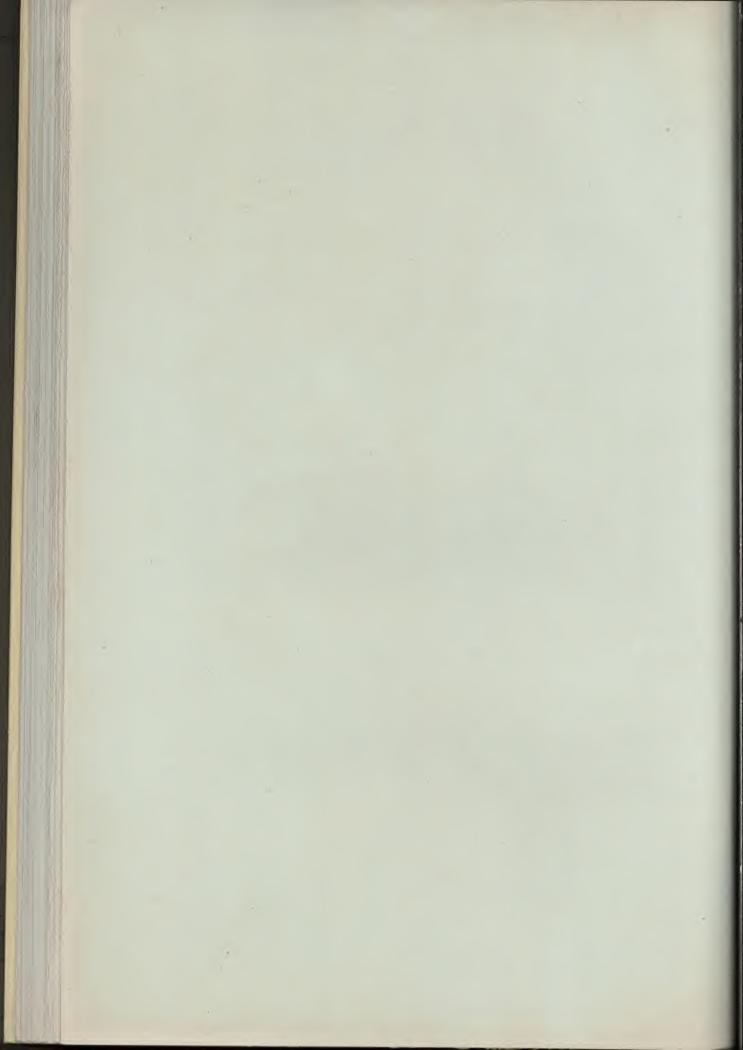












LIST PRICES STEAM AND HOT WATER AIR-WAY AERIETS

LIST PRICE

| Model ' | Manual Control | Thermostatic Control * | Net Weights of Unit | Shipping Weight Unit less Motor & Fan Assembly | Shipping Weight Motor and Fan Assembly |
|---------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 14 | \$ 69.50 | \$ 75.00 | 79 lbs. | 85 lbs. | 28 lbs. |
| 20 | 90.00 | 100.00 | 102.5 lbs. | 97 lbs. | 44.5 lbs. |
| 27 | 120.00 | 130.00 | 119 lbs. | 113 lbs. | 49 lbs. |

All list prices listed above cover either Flush or Offset cabinets. The above Models 14, 20 and 27 will be furnished at the above list prices with single phase, AC 110 volt motors, either 60 or 25 cycle, and 110 volts DC. These three electrical ratings will be carried in stock. 220 volts AC and 230 volts DC motors will not be carried in stock and we very much prefer not to furnish steam Aeriets for 220 volt class operation. In any event 220 volt class thermostatic control units cannot be furnished and manual control units must be made the subject of a special inquiry in each case.

For prices on combination steam and electric Aeriets refer to electric Aeriet price sheet.

* The difference in list price between manual control and thermostatic control only covers the different type motor required. The thermostatic control list price does not include the price of a thermostat or any auxiliary apparatus whatever.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Be sure and specify whether Model 14, 20 or 27.
- (2) Whether Hot Water or Steam. (a) If steam give pressure.
- (3) Type of Cabinet, Offset or Flush.
- (4) Thermostatic or Manual Control.
- (5) Motor characteristics, AC Phase, Voltage, Cycles. DC Voltage.

In wiring orders, use the following symbols:

Example: 14 SFT AC, 110, 60—would indicate a Model 14 Steam Aeriet, flush type cabinet, single phase AC, 110 volt, 60 cycle, motor for thermostatic control.

LIST PRICES STEAM AND HOT WATER AIR-WAY ARRESTS

STATE PERSON

The first and the second state of the product of the control of the second state of th

Por galaxies condensate about a former Adults and in Bottle Author Concentration

The authorities of the prior former manufactured and thermore record only come. The distribution of properties.
 The former regularity. The former the committee prior don't in the delivery of the months of continuous approximation.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

- The same real equality whether hand 14, 20 or 25
 - Whether that Water in Sec.
 - Type of Calored Office or Finals.
 - Democratic or Marcal County
- Away mayoredays All Phone, Votage, Cycles DC Votage.

winding sector are the following quitous

- O - TOWNED THEY TO W - DELAW TO
- SPEAM - S PAUSI CANNET - F
- UANTON CONTROL M THREMCHATIC CONTROL T

THE PER ALL COUNTY OF THE STATE OF THE STATE AND ADDRESS OF THE STATE
LIST PRICES AIR-WAY ELECTRIC AERIETS WALL TYPE

| Model | K. W. | Туре | List Price | Net Weight of Unit | Shipping Weight Unit less Motor & Fan Assembly | Motor and |
|-------|-------|---|------------|--------------------------|--|-----------|
| 14-E | 1.7 | Panel (flush or offset) Panel (flush or offset) Panel (flush or offset) Panel (flush only) Panel (flush only) | \$ 75.00 | 52 Lbs. | 50 Lbs. | 25.5 Lbs. |
| 14-SE | 1.7 | | 92.50 | 87 Lbs. | 96 Lbs. | 28 Lbs. |
| 20-E | 3 | | 97.50 | 95.5 Lbs. | 91 Lbs. | 42.5 Lbs. |
| 20-E | 4 | | 100.00 | 100 Lbs. | 93 Lbs. | 46 Lbs. |
| 27-E | 5½ | | 125.00 | 110.5 Lbs. | 107.5 Lbs. | 46 Lbs. |

The Models 14-E and 14-SE will be furnished at the above list price with single phase, AC motors, 110 or 220 volts, 25 or 60 cycles, and DC motors 115 or 230 volts. 110 volts, 220 volts, 60 cycle; 115 volts DC and 110 volts, 25 cycle will be carried in stock; 220 volts, 25 cycles and 230 volts DC will not be carried in stock and will require three weeks delivery until further notice.

Model 20-E and Model 27-E Aeriets:

We know of no case where the heating elements of these Aeriets will be put in on 110 volts due to the amount of copper necessary and we are not requesting Underwriters' approval on these sizes for 110 volts. Therefore, Model 20-E and Model 27-E electric Aeriets will be furnished at the above list price for single phase, 60 cycle, 220 volts, or 25 cycle, 220 volts and DC 230 volts. These three ratings will be carried in stock.

Three phase applications must be installed by balancing single phase units on three phase circuits.

GENERAL

All of the above motors are constant speed and are not furnished in the three speed type. No Electric Aeriet is approved by the Underwriters for a thermostatic control and the motors are so connected that the motor must run when the heating element is turned on. (Motors, however may be run independent of the electric heating element for ventilating purposes.) All electric heating elements are provided with a thermal cut-out so that if the motor does not run when the heating element is turned on, thermal cut-out opens, whereupon reason must be located and new thermal link installed.

The Model 14-SE (combination steam and electric) has the electric heating unit installed and connected in the same manner as all electric Aeriets. Inasmuch as the motor on the fan unit is a constant speed type a thermostat may be inserted in the leads to the switch which controls the motor so that when the steam unit is being used the motor is thermostatically controlled as in the case of a standard thermostatically controlled steam Aeriet.

PORTABLE TYPE

| Model | K. W. | Туре | List Price | Shipping Weight Complete | |
|-------|-------|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--|
| 14-EP | 1.65 | Cabinet Standard Walnut Finish* | \$50.50 | 45 Lbs. | |

^{*}Other finishes \$5.00 list additional.

Model 14-EP will be furnished at the above list prices for single phase, AC, 110 volts, 60 or 25

cycles, or DC 115 volts. It will not be furnished in the 220 volt range.

The Model 14-EP while rated at 1.65 KW, which is 15 amperes at 110 volts, can by a very simple change with a screw driver be made into a heater with a KW capacity of 1.21 KW, which is 11 amperes at 110 volts.

ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) Be sure and specify proper Model.
- (2) Specify Type of Cabinet, Offset or Flush.
- (3) Show KW capacity. This is necessary to distinguish the Model 20-E, 3 KW and 4 KW.
- (4) Give motor characteristics, A. C. Phase, Voltage, Cycles. D. C. Voltage.

In writing orders, use the following symbols:

ELECTRIC WALL TYPE - E OFFSET CABINET -PORTABLE AERIET FLUSH CABINET - -

These prices supersede all previous list prices and information.

LIST PRICES AIR-WAY ELECTRIC AERIETS WALL TYPE

| Line would | Mary War word of the last of t | | | |
|------------|--|--|------------------|--|
| | | 10 - 25 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 | Diameter Control | 1000 1000 100 100 100 100 |

The branch and mad lated will be formered at the state this price with state for the price of the branch of the state of t

Model 20-E and Model 27-E Andets

We know to come and a second of the property of the American Appropriate to the company of the total and the second of the total and the second of the total and the total

These place applications must be installed by instructor strate thing that an illess phase document

CHNEWAL

because of the motion of the bentleted on on the large restance or warrant medical falls.

In the motion of the motion of the bound of the motion of the mot

The Mich. Leafs on the month of the state of

PORTABLE TYPE

| Separate program and control of the | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| | Connec Standard William Thomas | |

Assertion of the Management and the

Mindre 14-27, will be formulated up this above has prices for more provided to 12, 410 volus 50 mr 25 metric, or CV 175 volus. It was not be translated to the gift was trans-

The Model Selection of the Company of the Selection of th

DRDERING INSTRUCTIONS

- subside regions ylessess him som sår 11)
- I S SHOULD SHOULD BE STOLEN TO STATE OF STREET
- II Show N.W. condity. This emphasis in the Ong of the Model 29-E, 3 KW and 4 KW.
 - A City agos discovered A. C. On ... Values Co. O T. Killage

the working regions, one the belowing combiler

ELECTRIC WALL TIPE E OFFERT CARINET OF TORTABLE ARRIES P PLAN CARINET P

